

TELECOMMUNICATIONS ENGINEERING

GRAY FRIERSON HAERTIG & ASSOC.

820 NORTH RIVER STREET, SUITE 100

PORTLAND, OREGON 97227

503-282-2989

503-654-1142

FAC SIMILE
503-282-3181

ELECTRONIC MAIL
gfh@haertig.com

FORMULA FOR CALCULATING DISTANCE TO A SPECIFIC FIELD STRENGTH CONTOUR
FREE SPACE METHODOLOGY

Where:

Ed = Field strength in dBμ

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

D = Distance to contour in meters

$$E = \frac{10^{\left(\frac{E_d}{20}\right)}}{10^6}$$

$$D = \frac{7.01\sqrt{P}}{E}$$

Derivation

Assuming equal radiation in all directions, the power density, Pd, in watts/meter squared, at the surface of a sphere of radius D from the radiator is:

$$P_d = \frac{P}{4\pi D^2}$$

This is simply the total power transmitted divided by the surface area of the sphere.

The power density and free space electric field strength, E, in volts/meter are related by the following formula:

$$Pd = \frac{E^2}{120\pi}$$

where 120π is the so called impedance of free space.

Solving for E:

$$E = \sqrt{120\pi Pd}$$

Substituting for Pd and combining constants:

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30P}}{D}$$

Referencing P to a half wave dipole:

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{(30 \cdot 1.64)P}}{D}$$

Combining constants and taking them outside of the radical and solving for D:

$$D = \frac{7.01\sqrt{P}}{E}$$