
HARRIS FM COMMISSIONING TEST DATA

KWTU-FM
University of Tulsa

**Z Transmission system
With HD spectrum plot**

Serial number PRD00356770001

Model Z6HDC

Frequency 88.7

Location Tulsa OK

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1.1 VISUAL INSPECTION

Visual Inspection Consists of inspecting the transmitters and associated equipment for any signs of physical damage, and to ensure that standard engineering practices were used in placement, and interconnection of all equipment in the system.

2.1 CONTROL OPERATION VERIFICATION

Control operation verification consists of testing the system to ensure all operation modes; normal and emergency are functioning as designed. This includes remote control, status functions and safety interlocks.

TRANSMITTER OPERATING PARAMETERS

All of the following meter readings will be checked against the factory test data sheet to ensure the transmitter is operating within normal operating parameters.

3.1 Transmitter Operating Parameters

AC Input Voltage measured with multimeter at disconnect:

A-B: _____ Volts
B-C: _____ Volts
A-C: _____ Volts

Power supply taps: _____ 3 _____ PS1
_____ 3 _____ PS2

Basic Readings:

PA Voltage: _____ 53.7 _____ Volts
PA Current: _____ 77.9 _____ Amps
Forward Power: _____ 99.9 _____ %
Forward Power: _____ 1.61K _____ Watts
Reflected Power: _____ 1.00 _____ Ratio
Reflected Power: _____ 0.00 _____ Watts
APC _____ 2.50 _____

PA ISO loads and Cooling System:

Ambient air temperature _____ 23 _____ C
Air Flow High Speed _____ 94 _____ % (90 - 110%)
Air Flow Low Speed _____ 47 _____ %
Highest PA ISO load _____ A2 34C _____ (100C maximum)

Notes: _____

CARRIER FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT

4.1 Measurement Description

The RF sample is derived from the RF sample port in the transmitter output directional coupler or thru-line section sample slug.

4.2 Measurement procedure

Connect the counter as shown in figure 4.1. Set counter to 10 second rate.

4.3 Test Data

Carrier Frequency: 88.7MHz, -69Hz (Specification: +/- 300 hz)

4.4 Test Equipment Set-Up

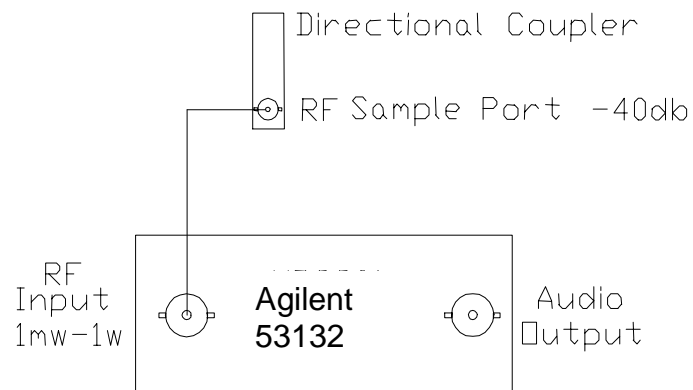


Fig. 4.1

Notes: _____

TRANSMITTER OUTPUT RF HARMONIC ATTENUATION MEASUREMENTS

12.1 Measurement Description

The harmonic attenuation will be measured to ensure proper operation of the transmitter and the output low pass filter. An RF sample is derived from the directional coupler RF sample port or Bird thru-line sample slug. This RF sample will be connected to a spectrum analyzer with a bandwidth capable of measuring the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. The second harmonic to the tenth harmonic will be measured and the correction factor will be added to compensate for the capacitive coupling factor (6dB per octave, $20\log\{\text{harmonic number}\}$).

12.2 Measurement procedure

Connect the test as shown in figure 12.1 with 20 dB of attenuation inline with the RF sample feeding the RF input of the spectrum analyzer. Set a carrier reference level on the analyzer. Insert the notch filter in line with the RF sample as shown in fig. 12.2. Adjust the filter for a 25dB or greater notch. Remove 20 dB of the attenuation, do not re-adjust the reference level. The sensitivity of the analyzer for the harmonics has been increased by 20dB. For example if the harmonic measures -65 dB from the reference it is actually -85 dB. The coupler correction factor can then be added to this figure. Audio turned off for test.

12.3 Test Data

Carrier Frequency: 88.7MHz

<u>Harmonic</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Measured Value</u>	<u>Correction Factor</u>	<u>Corrected Value</u>
2nd	<u>177.4</u>	<u> </u>	-6dB	<u> > -90dBc </u>
3rd	<u>266.1</u>	<u> </u>	-9.5dB	<u> > -90dBc </u>
4th	<u>354.8</u>	<u> </u>	-12dB	<u> > -90dBc </u>
5th	<u>443.5</u>	<u> </u>	-14dB	<u> > -90dBc </u>
6th	<u>532.2</u>	<u> </u>	-15.6dB	<u> > -90dBc </u>
7th	<u>620.9</u>	<u> </u>	-16.9dB	<u> > -90dBc </u>
8th	<u>709.6</u>	<u> </u>	-18.1dB	<u> > -90dBc </u>
9th	<u>798.3</u>	<u> </u>	-19.1dB	<u> > -90dBc </u>
10th	<u>887.0</u>	<u> </u>	-20dB	<u> > -90dBc </u>

Notes: Analyzer used has 100dB on screen: set carrier to reference line and set delta marker.
Insert notch filter, then take readings

12.4 Test Equipment Set Up

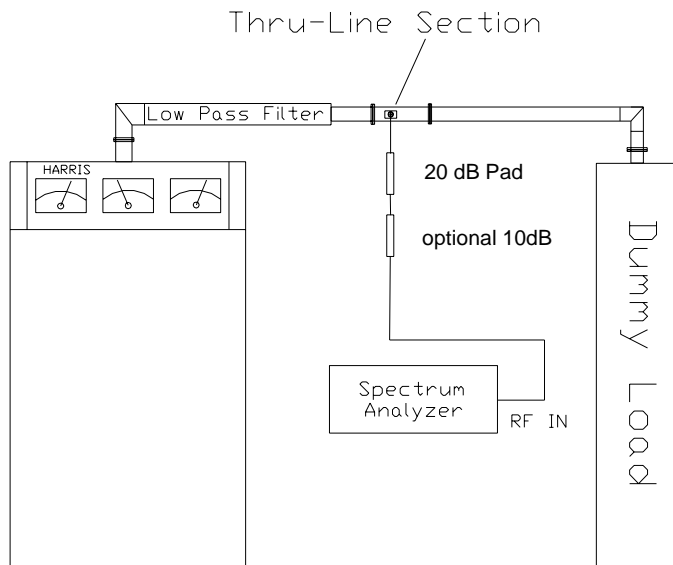


Fig. 12.1

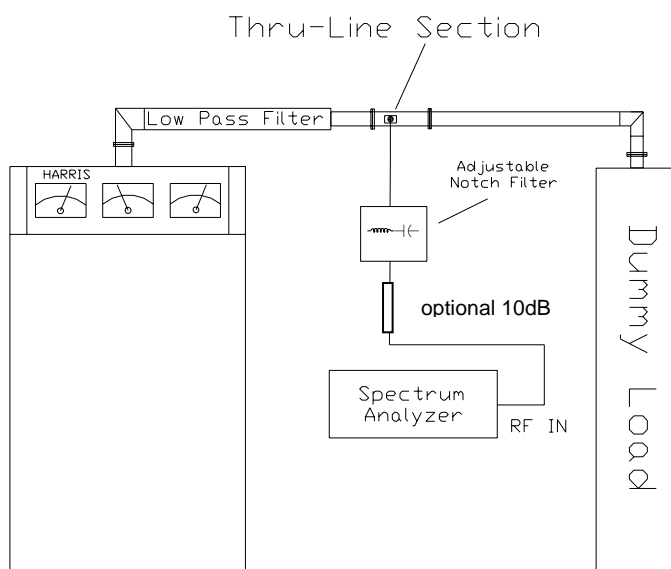


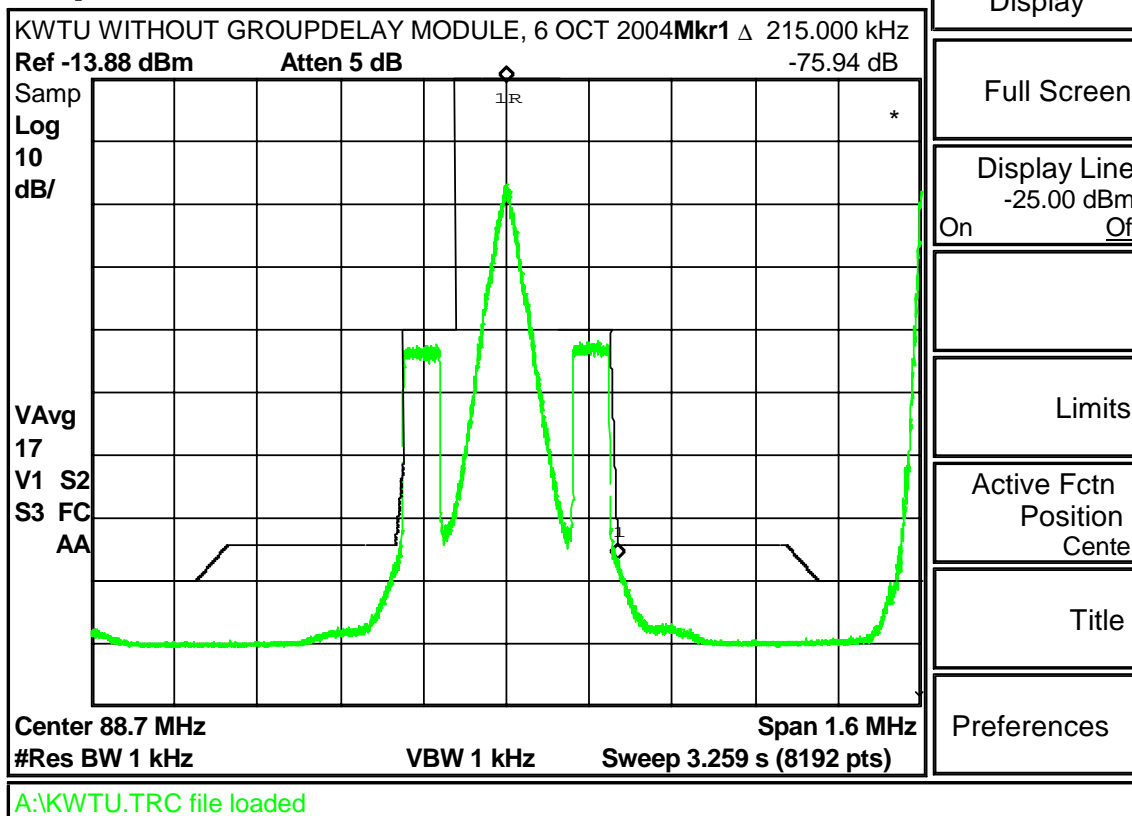
Fig. 12.2

TEST EQUIPMENT LOG

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Asset Number</u>	<u>Cal Date</u>
<u>Belar</u>	<u>FMSA1</u>	<u>stereo demod</u>	<u>11188</u>	
<u>Audio Precision</u>	<u>port 1 DD</u>	<u>audio test set</u>	<u>11376</u>	
<u>Agilent</u>	<u>53132A</u>	<u>counter</u>	<u>11478</u>	
<u>Agilent</u>	<u>E4402B</u>	<u>spectrum analyzer</u>	<u>11288</u>	
<u>HP</u>	<u>8901</u>	<u>modulation analyzer</u>	<u>9396</u>	
<u>Eagle</u>	<u>TNF-210</u>	<u>notch filter</u>		

14 Spectrum plots:

Agilent 10:06:23 Oct 14, 2004



Agilent 10:30:02 Oct 14, 2004

