

Report Of

Intermodulation Product Findings

KLLZ 99.1 MHz. Walker, MN.
KBHP 101.1 MHz. Bemidji, MN.

Project# 32949C

February 12, 2015

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Report of Findings for Intermodulation Product Measurements

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REPORT OF FINDINGS**KLLZ / KBHP**

99.1 MHz. / 101.1 MHz.

Introduction: This report of findings is based on data collected at the KLLZ and KBHP broadcast facility located in Bemidji, Minnesota. The report includes measurements offered as proof that the combined operations of KLLZ (99.1 MHz.) and KBHP (101.1) transmitters are in compliance with the FCC Rules and Regulations as required by the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 47 section 73.317 paragraph (b) through (d). KKZY (95.5 MHz.), is collocated on the tower below the combined system of KLLZ and KBHP. Their effects on the stations operating from the multiplexed system have been considered in this report. The table of the other frequencies can be found on page 5 of this report. In brief, the collection of measurements presented in this report shows that all possible third order inter-modulation (IM) products generated by this diplex system are less than the maximum allowable level as required by section 73.317 (b) through (d). Jeff Taylor of Electronics Research, Inc. located in Chandler, Indiana performed the measurements summarized herein on February 12, 2015.

The following exhibits are provided:

Exhibit A:

- A-1 Drawing Depicting Antenna.
- A-2 SHPX-10AC6-SP Antenna Specification Sheet.
- A-3 Drawing Depicting Multiplexed Scheme.
- A-4 Multiplexer Specification Sheet.
- A-5 Theoretical Vertical Plane Relative Field Antenna Plots

Exhibit B:

- B-1 Equipment Employed In Intermodulation Product Measurement.
- B-2 Broadcasting Scheme of the Multiplexed Systems.
- Table 1. Carrier Reference Levels.
- Table 2. Calculated Third Order Products.
- Table 3. Intermodulation Analysis Measurements.

Exhibits Accompanying Report: Exhibit A provides comprehensive information on both antenna and filters used by these radio stations. Exhibit B illustrates the broadcasting scheme of each station, the layout of the equipment used to isolate and measure potential intermodulation products and forward carrier reference levels. Found within Table 1 are the narrow band carrier frequency measurements that provide relative output signal levels for the IM analysis. Table 2 lists the calculated third order products that can be generated from FM transmitters broadcasting from the multiplexed system. The IM Analysis Measurements, in Table 3, provides detailed information obtained from the product frequency investigation.

The Nature of Intermodulation Products (IM): Intermodulation products result from inadequate transmitter-to-transmitter isolation. Intermodulation products are commonly generated from radio stations operating into multiplexed facilities and congested antenna broadcast sites. The mechanics associated with the phenomenon have been well documented. When two or more transmitters are coupled to each other, new spectral components are produced by the mixing of the station frequencies in the active circuits of each transmitter. The common term used to describe this phenomenon is third order product denoted by the mathematical expression $[2(F_1)-(F_2)]$, where F_1 signifies the frequency of the transmitter that is generating the intermodulation product, and F_2 signifies the frequency causing the interference.

The Multiplexed System: These measurements were taken with both FM stations operating from the combined antenna system. The KLLZ and KBHP multiplexed system is fundamentally comprised of antenna, feed line and multiplexer unit. The SHPX-10AC6-SP (antenna), combiner units, and rigid feedline are products of Electronics Research, Inc., while the heliax is Andrew. Refer to Exhibit B-1, for an illustration of the Broadcasting Scheme of these stations.

To accomplish the aggregation of two transmitter signals into a common antenna feed and provide transmitter-to-transmitter isolation, a multiplexing scheme consisting of a 973-4A “TEE” Combiner was installed. Specifically, the combiner uses two ERI Model 973-4A modules for each frequency (99.1 MHz. and 101.1 MHz.). An interconnecting “T” is required to complete the combiner which is illustrated in the attached Exhibit A-3. The multiplexer, fully assembled, exhibited transmitter port-to-port isolation in excess of -64 dB. Other performance measurements, such as match, loss, group-delay, etc, revealed that the multiplexer unit was in proper working condition. Refer to Exhibit A-4 for the Combiner Specification Sheet.

The IM Investigation: Directional Couplers were placed at key locations throughout the combiner to monitor and maintain the multiplexer’s performance. All couplers furnished with the system are factory calibrated and capable of delivering accurate and repeatable RF measurements. To facilitate the taking of the measurements, the coupler located at the antenna output of the multiplexed system was used. Care was taken in the selection of the measurement location to insure that the measurements would be made far removed from transmitters and any filtering used to reduce broadcast emissions. The coupler selected would normally be used for antenna reflection measurements and thus would provide greater than -32 dB directivity and a forward signal sample of -46.1 dB.

The IM sampled signal was fed by shielded cable into a Band Pass Filter where all extraneous energy was steeply attenuated. Various attenuation pads were used, when needed, on the band pass filter and/or the FIM71 to ensure an adequate signal level for measurements without overloading the measurement equipment. A Potomac Instruments FIM-71 Field Strength Receiver Serial # 686 was employed to record the level of all signals investigated. To facilitate the selective tuning of the Receiver and Band Pass Filter a Wavetek Model 3000 Serial # 5362199 signal generator was used. A Rhode & Schwarz ZVL3 Spectrum Analyzer Serial # 100396 was used to measure the close in spectral attenuation of each carrier and wide band search for any anomalies that may need further investigation. See attached Exhibit A-2 for an illustration of the measurement equipment.

Prior to recording measurements, all pertinent broadcasting equipment including Transmitters, Multiplexer, Feed Line and Antenna were adjusted to optimal performance. Also, it was confirmed before taking any measurements that both transmitters were operating at maximum power. From the equipment setup described above, the relative output signal level of each stations forward carrier was made. The resulting signal levels of these measurements are listed in Table 1, column labeled "Adjusted Level". This level will be used as the reference level for possible IM products of each carrier and was necessary to confirm that no significant levels of spurious energy, referenced to each carrier, were present from any transmitter operating from the multiplexed system.

Table 1 - Carrier Reference Levels.

| Carrier Frequency (MHz) | Pad One (dB) | Bandpass Filter Loss (dB) | Measured Level (dBm) | Adjusted Level (dBm) | Notes |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| 95.5 | 3 | - | 16.7 | 126.3 | |
| 99.1 | 3 | - | 9.2 | 133.2 | |
| 101.1 | 3 | - | 9.8 | 133.8 | |

Predictable third-order products due to system harmonics mixed with all on-site interfering frequencies that could be generated from the multiplexed system are calculated and listed in Table 2.

Table 2 - Third order Products.

| Interfering Frequencies | Carrier Frequencies | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| | 95.5 | 99.1 | 101.1 |
| 95.5 MHz. | ---- | 102.7 | 106.7 |
| 99.1 MHz. | 91.9 | ---- | 103.1 |
| 101.1 MHz. | 89.9 | 97.1 | ---- |

Using the equipment previously described the IM product measurements were recorded and are listed in Table 3. The signal levels referenced to the carriers are calculated and listed in the column labeled "Level Referenced to Carrier". Refer to Exhibit B-2 for a layout of the measurement equipment.

Table 3 – Intermodulation Measurements

| Intermodulation Measurements Bemidji, MN. | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|---------------------------|------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|
| Product Frequency (MHz) | Transmitter Frequency (MHz) | Interfering Frequency (MHz) | Pad (dB) | Bandpass Filter Loss (dB) | Total Loss | Full Scale Range (dBμ) | Scale Reading (dBμ) | Adjusted Level (dBμ) | Carrier Reference Level (dBμ) | Level Referenced to Carrier (dB) | Notes* |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transmitter Mixes | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 95.5 | Ref. | 3 | | 3 | 140 | 16.7 | | 126.3 | | |
| | 99.1 | Ref. | 3 | | 3 | 140 | 9.8 | | 133.2 | | |
| | 101.1 | Ref. | 3 | | 3 | 140 | 9.2 | | 133.8 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 89.9 | 95.5 | 101.1 | 3 | 9.1 | 12.1 | 20 | 13.2 | 18.9 | 126.3 | -107.4 | |
| 91.9 | 95.5 | 99.1 | 3 | 9.1 | 12.1 | 40 | 18.4 | 33.7 | 126.3 | -92.6 | |
| 97.1 | 99.1 | 101.1 | 3 | 9.2 | 12.2 | 20 | 4.1 | 28.1 | 133.2 | -105.1 | |
| 102.7 | 99.1 | 95.5 | 6 | 9.8 | 15.8 | 40 | 19.5 | 36.3 | 133.2 | -96.9 | |
| 103.1 | 101.1 | 99.1 | 3 | 9.8 | 12.8 | 40 | 12.9 | 39.9 | 133.8 | -93.9 | |
| 106.7 | 101.1 | 95.5 | 3 | 9.7 | 12.7 | 20 | 14.8 | 17.9 | 133.8 | -115.9 | |

The Spectrum Analyzer was used to check the close in spectral attenuation of the carrier to confirm the operation of the transmitter is in compliance with Sections (b) and (c) of the FCC Rules and Regulations.

As a final proof of the systems IM Product performance, a wide band search was undertaken using the Spectrum Analyzer. The purpose for this measurement was to look for suspicious anomalies that may warrant further investigation. My search ranged the complete frequency span of the receiver and resulted in no additional investigations.

Conclusion: Based upon my observations and measurements taken on February 12, 2015 as summarized in this document, I, Jeff Taylor, find the subject system, specifically the transmitter and filter system for the operation of KLLZ and KBHP into the antenna to be in proper working order. Furthermore, based on the measured data, it is my opinion that there are no inter-modulation products in excess of 80 dB below carrier levels generated from or within the station operating on the installed system. Based on this recorded data, I conclude that KLLZ and KBHP are in compliance with the requirements of Section 73.317 paragraph (b) through (d) of the FCC Rules and Regulations.

Respectfully submitted,
Electronics Research, Inc.

Jeff Taylor, Field Technician

State of Indiana))
) SS:
County of Warrick)

AFFIDAVIT

I, Jeff Taylor, hereby declare that the following statements are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief :

- 1.) I am a Field Technician for Electronics Research, Inc ("ERI ") and have been employed by ERI for 18 years. I am familiar with and have assisted in the design, manufacturing and installation of FM Antennas and FM Multiplexers in my long tenure with ERI.
- 2.) I have either prepared and/or directly supervised the preparation of all technical information contained in this Report of Findings and to my knowledge to be accurate and true.
- 3.) ERI has been requested by Paul Bunyan Radio on behalf of radio Stations KLLZ and KBHP in Bemidji, MN. to prepare this Report Of Findings.

Jeff Taylor; Field Technician

Jeff Taylor

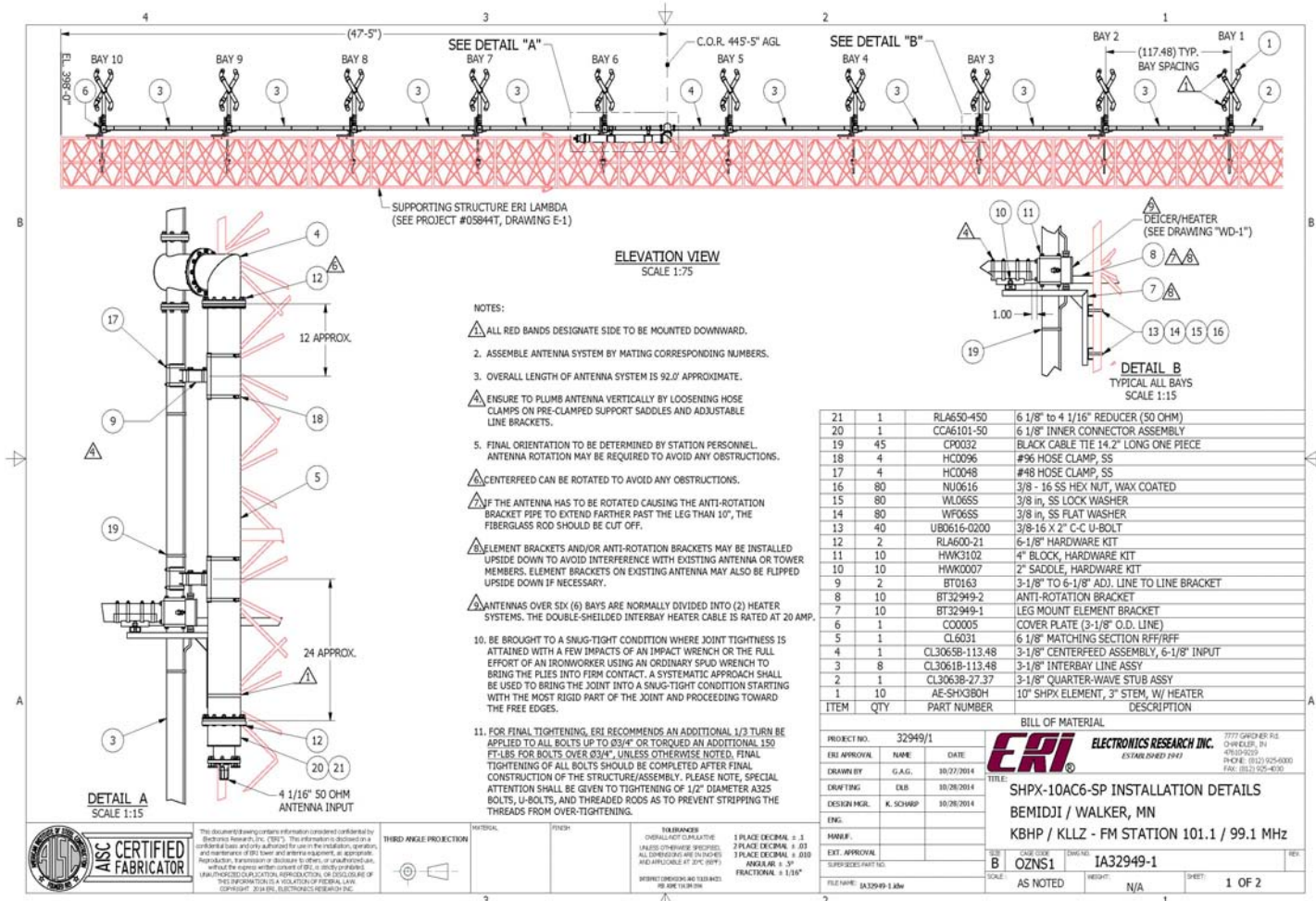
Subscribed and sworn to before me on this 16th, day of February, 2015.

Cindy D. Tomes; Notary Public
My commission expires September 17, 2022

Ginny D. Jones



EXHIBIT, A-1



A-2 ERI Antenna Specification Sheet**MULTIPLEXED TRANSMISSION SITE****Bemidji, Minnesota****General Specifications**

Antenna Type High Power FM-Broadcast, Suitable For Multiplexing
 Model Number SHPX-10AC6-SP
 Number of Bay Levels Ten
 Polarization Right Hand Circular

Electrical Specifications

Antenna Input Power Capability 43 kW Max ⁽¹⁾
 Operating Frequency Band 99.1 ~ 101.1 Megahertz.
 VSWR. <1.01:1 @ Operating Frequencies ⁽²⁾
 Azimuthal Pattern Circularity Better Than +/- 1dB From RMS (Free Space)
 Power Split 50/50 (Horizontal & Vertical)
 Frequency Specific Information:

| <u>Frequency</u> | <u>Station ERP</u> | <u>Beam Tilt</u> | <u>First Null Fill</u> | <u>Second Null Fill</u> | <u>Power Gain</u> | <u>Line Loss</u> ⁽³⁾ | <u>Filter Loss</u> ⁽⁴⁾ | <u>Computed TPO</u> |
|------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 99.1 | 100 KW | 0.0° | 6.0 % | 0.0 % | 5.653 | -0.462 dB | -.294 dB | 21.051 kW |
| 101.1 | 100 KW | 0.0° | 6.0 % | 0.0 % | 5.590 | -0.466 dB | -.208 dB | 20.894 kW |

Mechanical Specifications

Antenna Feed System Fed with One 6 1/8" Line
 Input Connector 6 1/8"-50 Ohm EIA Flanged
 Element Deicing..... Heaters
 Interbay Spacing 117.5" Center to Center
 Array Length..... 97.5 Feet
 Construction Material (Antenna) Galvanized Plated Steel and Stainless Steel
 Construction Material (Mounting) Leg Mount

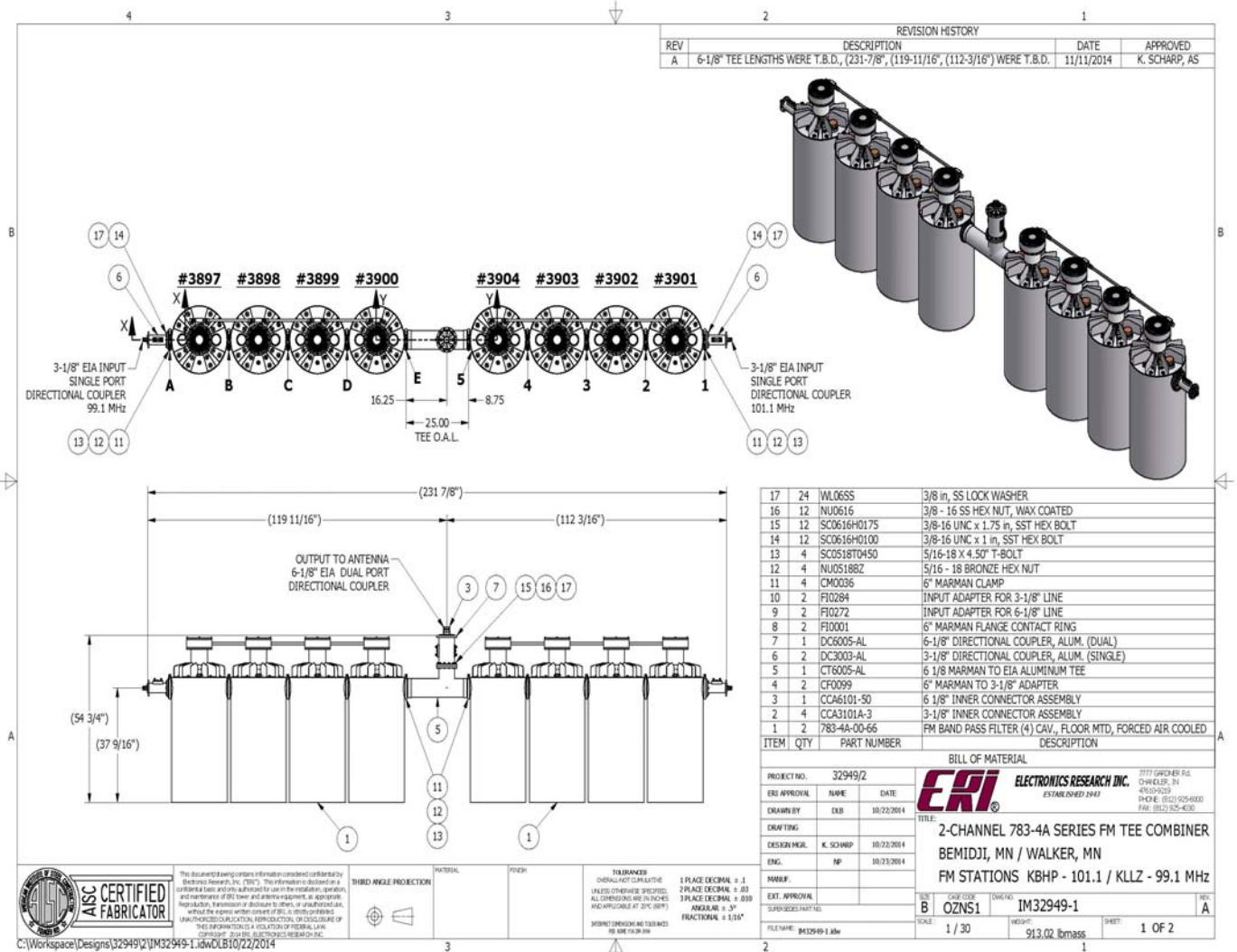
1) Power Capability Has Been Rated Assuming an Operating Transmission VSWR of 1.5:1

2) VSWR Specification Achieved After On Site Tuning For User Specific Frequencies.

3) Line Loss Assumes A Feed Run of 275 Feet of HJ11-50 Flex and 200 Feet of ERI MacxLine 4 1/16" Rigid. Section Lengths 17.5'.

4) Losses Taken From Actual Combiner.

EXHIBIT A-3



A-4 ERI Combiner Specification Sheet**MULTIPLEXED TRANSMISSION SITE****Bemidji, Minnesota****General Specifications:**

Multiplexer Type “TEE” Combiner
Number of Combining Units Two
Injected Port to Injected Port Isolation < -64 dB
Output Connector 6 1/8 “50 Ohm EIA (Flanged)
Output Power (Designed) 43 kW⁽¹⁾

Heat Removal Forced Air Cooling
Physical Arrangement All Components Free Standing

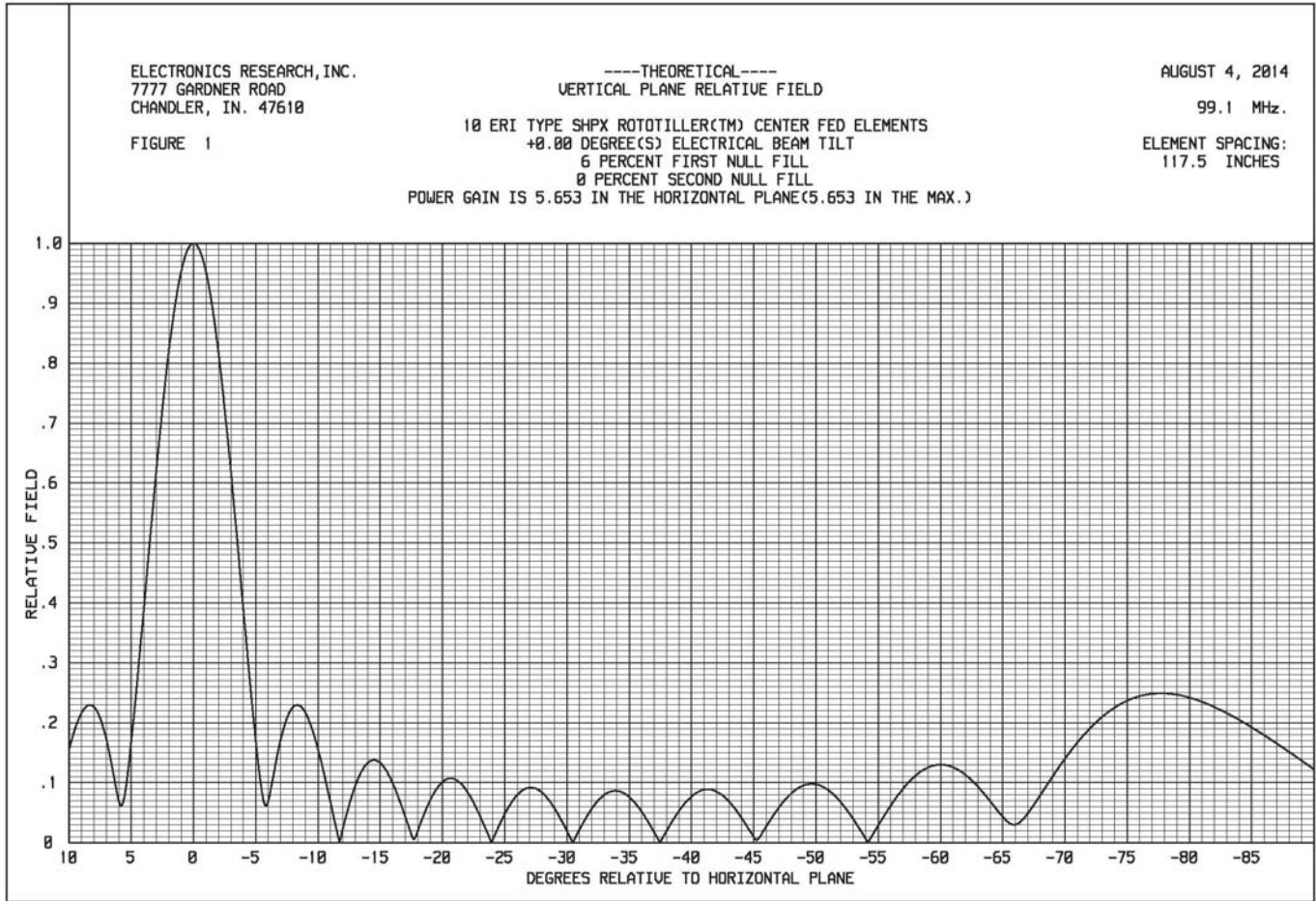
Injected Port Specifications:

Frequency Assignment 99.1 ~ 101.1 MHz.
Power Rating, Each Injected Port (Designed) 21.0 kW for 99.1 MHz. & 20.8 kW for 101.1 MHz.
Input Connector 3-1/8" 50 Ohm EIA (Flanged).
VSWR..... < 1.06:1 @ +/-200 KHz.⁽²⁾
Group Delay Less than 150 ns Overall Variation, Carrier @ +/- 150 KHz.
Insertion Loss (Measured):

99.1 MHz. - 0.294 dB
101.1 MHz. - 0.208 dB

1) Power Rating Listed is as Designed Only. Actual Power Capabilities May Vary.

2) When Terminated in 50 Ohm Resistive Load.



ELECTRONICS RESEARCH, INC.
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CHANDLER, IN. 47610

FIGURE 2

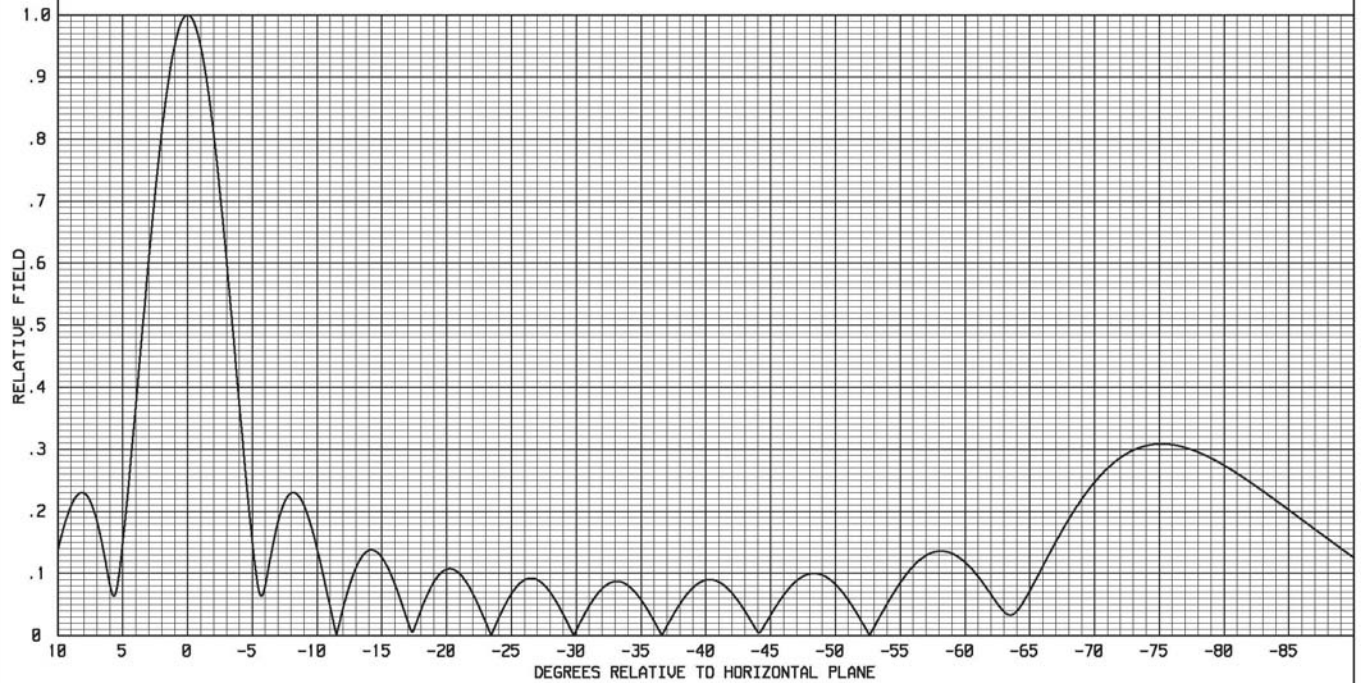
-----THEORETICAL-----
VERTICAL PLANE RELATIVE FIELD

10 ERI TYPE SHPX ROTOTILLER(TM) CENTER FED ELEMENTS
+0.00 DEGREE(S) ELECTRICAL BEAM TILT
6 PERCENT FIRST NULL FILL
0 PERCENT SECOND NULL FILL
POWER GAIN IS 5.590 IN THE HORIZONTAL PLANE(5.590 IN THE MAX.)

AUGUST 4, 2014

101.1 MHz.

ELEMENT SPACING:
117.5 INCHES



Broadcasting Scheme and Equipment Employed in Intermodulation Measurements

