

3. Facilities Proposed

The proposed operation will be on channel 231B (94.1 MHz) with an effective radiated power of 22 kilowatts. Operation is proposed with an 8 element circularly polarized omni-directional antenna, side-mounted on an existing tower located at 2302 52nd Street in San Diego. This site is also used by KPOP(AM) and KGB(FM) and is proposed for use by KHTS(FM). This application proposes combined operation with KGB(FM) and KHTS(FM) via a common antenna.

The FCC Antenna Structure Registration Number for the tower is 1052001.

a. NIER Calculations

OET Bulletin 65 Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields (Edition 97-01) states in part that:

When performing an evaluation for compliance with the FCC's RF guidelines all significant contributors to the ambient RF environment should be considered. . . For purposes of such consideration, significance can be taken to mean any transmitter producing more than 5% of the applicable exposure limit (in terms of power density or the square of the electric or magnetic field strength) at accessible locations.

As will be demonstrated below, the proposed operation of the KJQY auxiliary facility will produce less than 5% of the applicable exposure limit for both controlled and uncontrolled environments. Thus, the proposed facility is categorically excluded from the requirement of further study. Therefore, pursuant to §1.1307(b)(3) of the Commission's Rules no calculations are required for the other FM and TV facilities in the vicinity, and precise calculations are made only with regard to the levels from this proposal.

The power density calculations shown below were made using the techniques outlined in the EPA report titled: *An Engineering Assessment of the Potential Impact of Federal Radiation Protection Guidance on the AM, FM, and TV Broadcast Services* (Gailey & Tell, April, 1985). All calculations contained herein are based on the measured element patterns for the antenna, and follow the procedure shown in the Gailey and Tell report. The patterns were identified by applying the procedure outlined in the report to the measurement data contained in the report titled: *Element Pattern Measurements on FM Antennas* (EPA-520/ 6-85-107, June 1985).

"Ground level" calculations in this report have been made at a reference height of 2 meters above ground to provide a worst-case estimate of exposure for persons standing on the ground in the vicinity of the tower. Equation #1, contained in the Gailey & Tell report and shown below, was used to calculate the ground level power density figures from each FM antenna at incremental distances from the base of its supporting tower.

$$S(FW/cm^2) = \frac{(\text{Adjusted ERP in Watts}) \times 1.64 \times 2.56 \times 100}{4 \times B \times (\text{Distance})^2}$$

Where: Adjusted ERP in Watts is the maximum lobe effective radiated power times the element pattern factor times the array pattern factor.

Distance = Distance in meters from the center of radiation to the calculation point.

Calculations of the power density produced by the KJQY auxiliary antenna system assume a Type 3 element pattern, which is the appropriate element pattern for the ERI/Continental G5CPS-8BC-HW-SP antenna to be used by the KJQY auxiliary facility. Ground level

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power densities have been calculated for locations extending from the base of the tower to a distance of 2000 meters. Values past this point are increasingly negligible.

The highest calculated ground level power density from the KJQY auxiliary facility occurs at a distance of 1298 meters from the base of the antenna support structure. At this point the power density is calculated to be 0.4 FW/cm², 0.04% of 1000 FW/cm² (the ANSI standard for controlled environments) and 0.2% of 200 FW/cm² (the ANSI standard for uncontrolled environments).

These calculations show that the maximum calculated power density produced at two meters above ground level by the proposed operation of the KJQY auxiliary facility alone is less than 5% of the applicable ANSI exposure limit at all locations between 1 and 2000 meters from the base of the antenna support structure. Section 1.1307(b)(3) of the Commission's Rules excludes applications for new facilities or modifications to existing facilities from the requirement of preparing an environmental assessment when the calculated emissions from the applicants proposed facility are predicted to be less than 5% of the applicable ANSI exposure limit. Therefore, the proposed facility is in compliance with Section 1.1301 et seq and no further analysis of non-ionizing radiation at this site is required in this application.

The permittee/licensee in coordination with other users of the site must reduce power or cease operation as necessary to protect persons having access to the site, tower or antenna from radiofrequency radiation in excess of FCC guidelines.