

Exhibit 11
WQBU-FM2
Form 350
Univision Radio License Corporation

Special Operating Condition One:

Electromagnetic field strength measurements were conducted on the facility utilizing a NARDA model SRM 3000 selective radiation meter, SN 0085. The readings were evaluated in accordance with OET Bulletin No. 65, Edition 97-01.

The booster antenna is located on a mast mounted on top of an elevator penthouse building that sits approximately 15 feet above the lower main roof level of the Double Tree Hotel. Access to all of the rooftop area is restricted; any personnel going to the roof must go through building security. The maximum level found anywhere on the roof of the elevator structure was 396 microWatts/cm². This level is at one spot immediately in front of the director main beam of the directional antenna utilized. This is 39.6% of the maximum for occupational exposure. A sign warning of possible RF radiation hazard exposure has been placed at this point. Two feet away from the front of the antenna, the level drops to below the maximum level for general population, unrestricted exposure level. The average reading on the elevator-building roof is approximately 50 microWatts/cm². As this is 25% of the level for general population exposure, no signs were placed at any other locations.

Readings were made on the remainder of the rooftop, which is below the elevator-building roof. The average reading on this rooftop is .2 microWatts/cm². The maximum level on the lower roof was found near the door to the roof, which is almost directly below the booster antenna. This reading was .88 microWatts/cm². As this is .44% of the maximum for general population unrestricted exposure, or less, it was deemed that no signs were needed on the lower rooftop. At the edge of the two roofs, the maximum levels were below that for general population exposure. On the upper level it was 48 microWatts/cm² at the edge of the roof, and on the lower level the levels ranged from .4 to .03 microWatts/cm². The maximum level found anywhere inside the building was .05 microwatts/cm². There are no buildings nearby which have heights equal to or within 50 feet of this building. The maximum reading at any edge of the rooftop was .40 microwatts/cm².