

Exhibit 29
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS
prepared for
Citadel Broadcasting Company
WHOM(FM) Mt. Washington, New Hampshire
Facility ID 49678
Ch. 235C 20.5 kW 1160 m

Nature of The Proposal

Citadel Broadcasting Company (“*Citadel*”) is the licensee of WHOM(FM) Mt. Washington, New Hampshire (FCC File Number BLH-19920714KC). The instant application seeks to relocate the WHOM auxiliary antenna to an existing structure while making no change in overall height.

The use of existing transmitting locations has been characterized as being environmentally preferable by the Commission, according to Note 1 of §1.1306 of the FCC Rules. No change in structure height is proposed, thus no change in current structure marking and lighting requirements is anticipated. Therefore, it is believed that this application may be categorically excluded from environmental processing pursuant to §1.1306 of the Commission’s rules.

Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Field

The proposed WHOM transmitting antenna system will consist of a side-mounted, three bay, ½ wavelength spaced antenna at 23 meters above ground. The proposed effective radiated power (“ERP”) is 20.5 kilowatts at a height above average terrain of 1160 meters.

As a consequence of being a multi-use facility, many measurements of radiofrequency (“RF”) electromagnetic field at ground level have previously been made of the Mt. Washington, New Hampshire, WHOM transmitter site and vicinity. Thus, the RF environment is well known to *Citadel*. Because the instant proposal increases the WHOM auxiliary antenna center of radiation height above ground, it is believed that RF exposure at nearby ground level locations will be reduced. Measurements will be repeated upon completion of construction to verify that no publicly accessible location will exceed the radiofrequency exposure guidelines specified in §1.1310 of the Commission’s Rules.

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Safety of Tower Workers and the General Public

As explained herein, excessive levels of RF energy will not be caused at publicly accessible areas at ground level near the antenna supporting structure. Consequently, members of the general public will not be exposed to RF levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. Nevertheless, tower access will continue to be restricted and controlled by the site owner. An existing fence around the base of the tower will continue to be maintained to restrict access. Additionally, appropriate RF exposure warning signs will continue to be posted.

With respect to worker safety, WHOM participates in a site exposure policy which protects maintenance workers from excessive exposure when work must be performed on the tower or nearby towers in areas where high RF levels may be present. Such protective measures may include, but is not be limited to, restriction of access to areas where levels in excess of the guidelines may be expected, power reduction, or the complete shutdown of facilities when work or inspections must be performed in areas where the exposure guidelines will be exceeded. On-site RF exposure measurements will also be undertaken to establish the bounds of safe working areas.

Conclusion

Based on the preceding, it is believed that the instant proposal may be categorically excluded from environmental processing under Section 1.1306 of the Rules, hence preparation of an Environmental Assessment is not required.