

EXHIBIT 14
COMPLIANCE WITH MULTIPLE OWNERSHIP RULES

A. Radio-Television Cross-Ownership. Brian McNeill is a Managing Member of Alta Communications VIII Managers, LLC, which is the sole limited partner of Alta Communications VIII, LP, which in turn holds a 19.22% voting interest in Council Tree Hispanic Broadcasters II, L.L.C., a member of Station Partners, LLC. Station Partners, LLC, in turn is the single majority shareholder of Telemundo Communications Group, Inc. ("Telemundo"), the indirect parent of Telemundo of Dallas License Corp. ("TDLC"). Mr. McNeill also is a member of the Board of Directors of Telemundo, Telemundo Holdings, Inc. and Telemundo Group, Inc.

Mr. McNeill is a member of the Board of Directors of Radio One Licenses, Inc., licensee of Radio Station KBFB(FM), Dallas, Texas. There is an overlap between KXTX-TV and KBFB(FM). The combined ownership of these stations complies with 47 C.F.R. § 73.3555(d) which permits a single party to own one television station and one radio station in a market.

B. Other Multiple Ownership Issues.

To the best of the knowledge of TDLC, no parties to the application hold attributable interests in daily newspapers or cable systems in any of the markets served by the Telemundo television broadcast stations.

As stated in TDLC's Exhibit No. 11, Liberty TelemundoNet, Inc. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Liberty Media Corporation (which together with Liberty TelemundoNet, Inc., is referred to herein as "Liberty"),¹ which is a member of the Liberty Media Group ("LMG"). LMG holds interests in a broad range of video programming, communications technology and Internet-related businesses in the United States and abroad, primarily through Liberty. However, as explained in TDLC's Exhibit No. 13, Liberty does not hold an attributable interest in other broadcast licensees.

Although AT&T Corp. ("AT&T") owns 100 percent of the stock of each member within LMG, LMG is operated by separate management groups of boards of directors and executive officers. Further, AT&T's ownership interests in cable systems are not held by any entity in LMG. In addition, as set forth in greater detail in that response, a majority of the members of Liberty's board and executive officers are persons who held such positions prior to AT&T's acquisition of Tele-Communications, Inc. and who are otherwise employees of AT&T, and AT&T and LMG have instituted additional measures to facilitate the operational independence of Liberty. In connection with its approval of the AT&T-MediaOne merger, the Commission also required certain additional "safeguards relating to video programming" with respect to AT&T's relationship with Liberty. See Memorandum Opinion and Order in CS Docket No. 99-251, FCC 00-202 (rel. June 6, 2000). Pursuant to the Commission's order, the AT&T designees

¹ As indicated in TDLC's Exhibit No. 11, Liberty will not hold an attributable interest in TDLC. Nevertheless, information is provided herein concerning Liberty's other media interests.

on Liberty's board have been replaced by individuals who are not directors, officers or employees of AT&T. Thus, as both a practical and legal matter, there is management and operational separation between AT&T's cable systems and Liberty's media interests. On November 15, 2000, AT&T announced that its Board of Directors had voted to split-off LMG as an independent, publicly-traded company. This split-off is expected to be consummated on August 10, 2001.