

EXHIBIT E-3
ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE
ESTES PARK, COLORADO CH. 214
CEDAR COVE BROADCASTING, INC.
FCC FORM 340
OCTOBER 2007

The proposed facility should be exempt from environmental processing as it would be located on an existing structure. The structure on which the antenna would be located is not registered with the FCC due to the height above ground being 31 meters. Since an existing tower would be used for the facility, there would be no additional environmental impact on the surrounding area. In addition, the proposed facility would not constitute a RF exposure hazard to persons at the site.

The proposed facility will be co-located with FM translator stations K258BE and K221EA, both licensed to Estes Park. Both operate with less than 100 watts ERP, thus should be categorically excluded from being considered in RF exposure calculations for this application, see section 1.1307(b)(1).

The proposed facility will utilize a 1 bay, Aldina ALP LP Log Periodic antenna system, circular polarized. The antenna will be located at 17 meters above ground, but for this study, will be calculated at 2 meters less than this above ground to make up the difference for the height of the average human being. The Commission's FM Model software was used to predict the maximum power density. Since the Aldina custom antenna is not listed in this program, the "Phelps-Dodge Worse Case", EPA type 1, and antenna was used. FM model predicts that the maximum power density would be 47.50 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ at 4 meters away from the base of the antenna support structure. This level is

below the maximum allowed power density level of $200 \mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ for uncontrolled RF exposure requirements.

KRKY-FM Estes Park, Colorado also operates from this same tower site. From their original application to utilize this site, they show a maximum power density of $74.61 \mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ at 9.6 meters from the base of the tower. Thus, even if the proposed power density and this power density were directly added, worse case this would produce a maximum power density of $122.11 \mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ at any point on the ground, which is still below the maximum of $200 \mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ limit.

The proposed licensee will cooperate with other users of the site to reduce power or cease operations, as may be necessary, to protect workers and others having access to the site from excessive levels of RF radiation. Fencing and appropriate RF warning signs will also be posted at the site to limit access to the supporting structure to prevent unauthorized access to harmful RF radiation areas.

No RF blanketing interference issues are anticipated, but the proposed licensee will be financially responsible for correcting any RF blanketing issues that might arise from the operation of this new station for a period of one year after the new station becomes operational.