

EXHIBIT 30
ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS
APPLICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT
FIRST BROADCASTING CAPITAL PARTNERS, LLC
STATION WAOL(FM)
RIPLEY, OHIO
CH 258B1 6.6 KW (MAX-DA, H&V) 194 METERS

By this minor change application for construction permit, First Broadcasting Capital Partners, LLC, (hereinafter First Broadcasting) seeks authority to relocate its station WAOL(FM), Ripley, Ohio, to a new site 27.4 kilometers north of its licensed site, to decrease effective radiated power from 13 kilowatts (kW) to 6.6 kW maximum, to increase antenna radiation center height above average terrain from 140 meters to 194 meters, and to operate with a directional antenna. This is a contour protection application made pursuant to Section 73.215 of the FCC rules. The proposed antenna radiation center height above ground level (AGL) is 166 meters.

An analysis has been made of the human exposure to radiofrequency radiation (RFR) using the calculation methodology described in *OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01*, prepared by the FCC Office of Engineering and Technology. A conservative vertical plane relative field factor of 0.17 was used in the calculation of power density. This relative field factor was

obtained from the vertical plane radiation pattern for the Dielectric Communications, type DCR-C4SS, half-wavelength spaced directional antenna shown in Figure 3 of this analysis. To account for ground reflections, a coefficient of 1.6 was included in the calculations. The power density calculations reported herein were made at 99.5 MHz, the center frequency of channel 258B1.

The FCC maximum permissible exposure (MPE) limits for general population/uncontrolled and occupational/controlled exposures are 0.2 milliwatt per square centimeter (mW/cm^2) and $1.0 \text{ mW}/\text{cm}^2$, respectively, at 99.5 MHz. At a reference point two meters AGL at the base of the proposed antenna supporting structure, the calculated power density is $0.00047 \text{ mW}/\text{cm}^2$, which is 0.23 percent of the FCC MPE limit for general population/uncontrolled exposure and 0.05 percent of the FCC MPE limit for occupational/controlled exposure.

Pursuant to the provisions of *OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01*, at multiple-user transmitter sites, only those licensees whose transmitters produce power density levels in excess of 5.0 percent of the applicable exposure limit are considered “significant contributors” and share

responsibility for actions necessary to bring the local RFR environment into compliance with FCC exposure limits. Since the proposed operation will not contribute more than 5.0 percent of the most restrictive permissible exposure at any location on the ground at the site, the channel 258B1 facility is not considered a “significant contributor” to the local RF exposure environment.

The proposed operation will be a “significant contributor” to exposure at locations on the supporting structure near the transmitting antenna. If work is done on the tower in an area where overexposure could occur, First Broadcasting will take the action necessary to prevent the overexposure of workers on the tower, including reducing transmitter power or ceasing station operation completely. Additionally, First Broadcasting will cooperate with future site users to assure that work is performed at the proposed site without exposing workers to RF electromagnetic field strengths exceeding the FCC MPEs for occupational/controlled exposure.

The instant proposal is categorically excluded from environmental processing since none of the conditions of Sections 1.1306(b)(1), (2), or (3) of the FCC Rules would be involved for the following reasons:

DENNY & ASSOCIATES, P.C.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
OXON HILL, MARYLAND

Exhibit 30, Environmental Analysis
WAOL(FM), Ripley, Ohio

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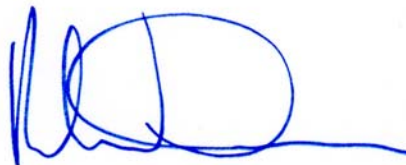
1. The new tower will not be constructed at any of the locations specified in Section 1.1307(a)(1) through (7) of the FCC rules.

2. The provision of Section 1.1306(b)(2) of the FCC Rules relating to the use of high intensity strobe lighting does not apply since the tower will not be lit with high intensity strobe obstruction lights.

3. Finally, with regard to RFR exposure concerns, compliance with applicable FCC MPE limits would be achieved.

Certification

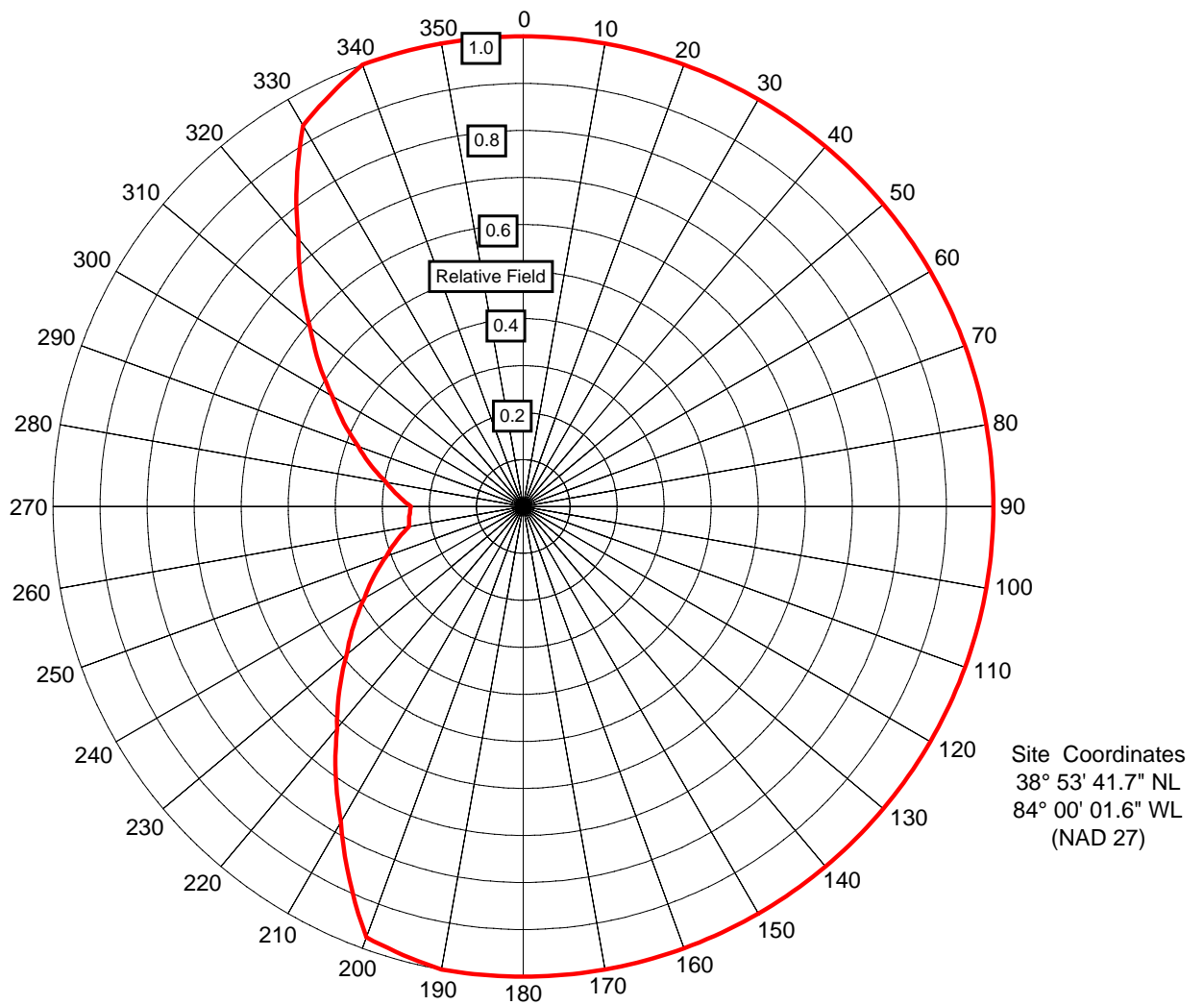
I certify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on February 21, 2006.


Robert W. Denny, Jr., P.E.



February 2006

Figure 1



THEORETICAL HORIZONTAL PLANE RADIATION PATTERN
(RELATIVE FIELD)

FIRST BROADCASTING CAPITAL PARTNERS
STATION WAOL(FM)
RIPLEY, OHIO
CH 258B1 6.6 KW (MAX-DA, BT) 194 METERS AAT

Denny & Associates, P.C. Consulting Engineers

Figure 2

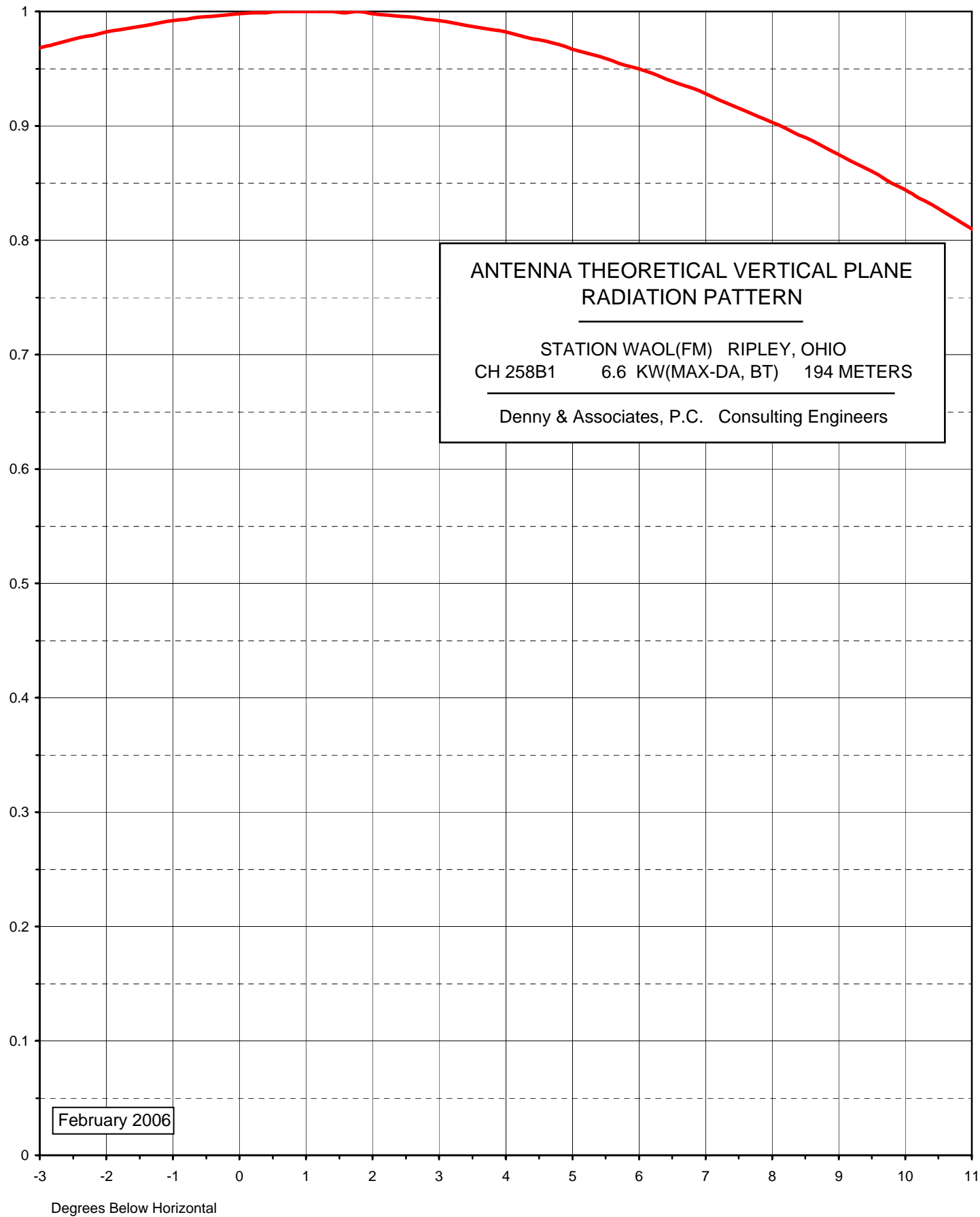


Figure 3

