

KCAZ

BC-126
June 1975

FREQUENCY MODULATION

BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

official No. 3325

Date first licensed 9-26-77

K C A Z (eff 3-15-80)
Call letters X K C A C

Station location Walnut Ridge,
Arkansas

Name of licensee LAWRENCE COUNTY BROADCASTING, INC.

Transmitter location Hwy 25, 1.3 mi E of Walnut Ridge, Arkansas (PH 9-23-76)

Hwy. 25, 1.5 miles E of the center of Walnut Ridge, Arkansas (LTR. 5-5-78)

Main studio location XHwy 25, 1.3 mi E. of Walnut Ridge, Arkansas (PH 9-23-76)

CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl. No.	Date Issued	Freq.	Power	Time Div.	Period From To
BPH-9745 HAAT: 200' {L}	9-23-76 H&V	106.3MHz ERP: ch. 292 Class-A CP for NEW FM Station	3kw H&V	U	9-23-77
BPH-9745(1) EBSA	12-6-76 12-6-76	Call letters assigned			
BLH-7403(L)	9-26-77	Lic (BPH-9745) New Stn			6-1-79
BTC-8518	12-28-77	Vol TC	EFF:		
BSH-7403 (1)	5-5-78	Ltr. to chg SL			
BRH 790131 UZ EBSA	8-15-79 3-15-80	RENEWAL OF LICENSE CALL SIGN CHANGE			6-1-82

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call **K C A C**
Letters **X NEW-FM**

Name **Lawrence County Broadcasting, Inc.**
Walnut Ridge, Arkansas (PO 7 Danny J. Coker, Box 30, Walnut Ridge, Arkansas 72476)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BPH-9745	1-6-76	CP for New FM on: 106.3mhz #292		
Rec'd	1-8-76	ERP: 3.0KW(H&V) HAAT: 201' (H&V)	GRANTED	9-23-76
Filed	2-23-76	Trans: Gates FM-2.5H3; Ant: Gates FMC-4A,	COND'L	
#517778 \$200	1-14-76	4 sects. (H&V)	gr fee \$1,350	
Code 001		TL-SL: On Hwy. 25, 1.3 mi. East Walnut	Pd 002	10-8-76
Press		Ridge, Arkansas	W 622827	
P. N. Rec'd	FEB 25 1976			
PN REC'D	3-31-76	36° 03' 58" - 90° 56' 24"		
	7-27-76	Atty:----		
		Engr: E. W. Bie		
AMENDED	2-23-76	Original Section V-B with original Engr. signature.		
AMENDED	7-27-76	Section II paragraph 11 and Section IV-A		
BLH-7403	3-11-77	Lic. (BPH-9745) for new sta.		
R & F	3-15-77		GRANTED	9-26-77
PTA	3-23-77			
PRESS	JUL 5 1977			

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

106.3mhz

Call K C A Z
Letters X K C A C

Name LAWRENCE COUNTY BROADCASTING, INC.
Walnut Ridge, Arkansas

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BTC-8518 R & F FORM 315 (ALSO SEE AM KRLW) PN Filed 11-23-77 NOV 18 1977	10-3-77 10-20-77	Voluntary transfer of control of lic corp from William H. Cate to Danny J. Coker Atty - E.T. Smith	GRANTED EFF:	12-28-77
BPH-780905AD PRESS: SEP 18 1978		CP to install new Ant. (HARRIS FML-4E, 4 sects H&V); mke. chg. ant. sys. (incr. hght.) Atty: Eugene T. Smith Engr:----	DISMISSED Unnecessary, Filed 302 1-19-79	12-28-78
BRH 790131 UZ PRESS MAR 19 1979		RENEWAL OF LICENSE E.T. Smith, Atty.	GRANTED	8-15-79

About the History Cards ...

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

