

FM ANTENNA



**CUSTOMER
RF SPECIALTIES OF MISSOURI**

**REFERENCE PROJECT
WBNB
ALDENA REFERENCE
42-OE / 2014**

TELECOMUNICAZIONI ALDENA SRL

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Document: Report of Test
Customer: RF Specialties of Missouri
End User: The Power Foundation
Frequency (Ch.): 91.3 MHz, CH 217C2
Call sign: WBNB(FM)
City: Equality, Alabama

The objective of this test was to demonstrate the directional characteristics of an antenna composed by four ALP0802712S log periodic antennas mounted on a metallic triangular mast to be installed at the WBNB(FM) facility as authorized by the FCC in construction permit BPED-20140310AED.

This test characterizes only the radiation characteristics of the antenna when mounted on the tower/structure as described. It does not represent or imply any guarantee of specific coverage which can be influenced by factors beyond the scope of this test.

REFERENCE DATA:

FCC Construction Permit BPED-20140310AED.
FCC CP Horizontal Plane azimuth pattern.

RESULTS:

The following Figures are the results of the measurements from our pattern range:

- Figure 1A - Measured Composite Azimuth Pattern
- Figure 1B - Tabulation of the Horizontal Polarization for the Measured Azimuth Pattern
- Figure 1C - Tabulation of the Vertical Polarization for the Measured Azimuth Pattern
- Figure 1D - Tabulation of the Measured Composite Azimuth Pattern
- Figure 1E - Antenna Vertical Pattern
- Figure 1F - Tabulation of Antenna Vertical Pattern
- Figure 1G - Tabulation of FCC CP pattern
- Figure 1H - WBNB FCC CP and composite antenna patterns



METHOD OF DIRECTIONALIZATION:

Three bay of the Aldena ALP0802712S were mounted on a triangular metallic tower. See Figure 2 for mechanical detail of mounting structure and Figure 2a for power splitting distribution.

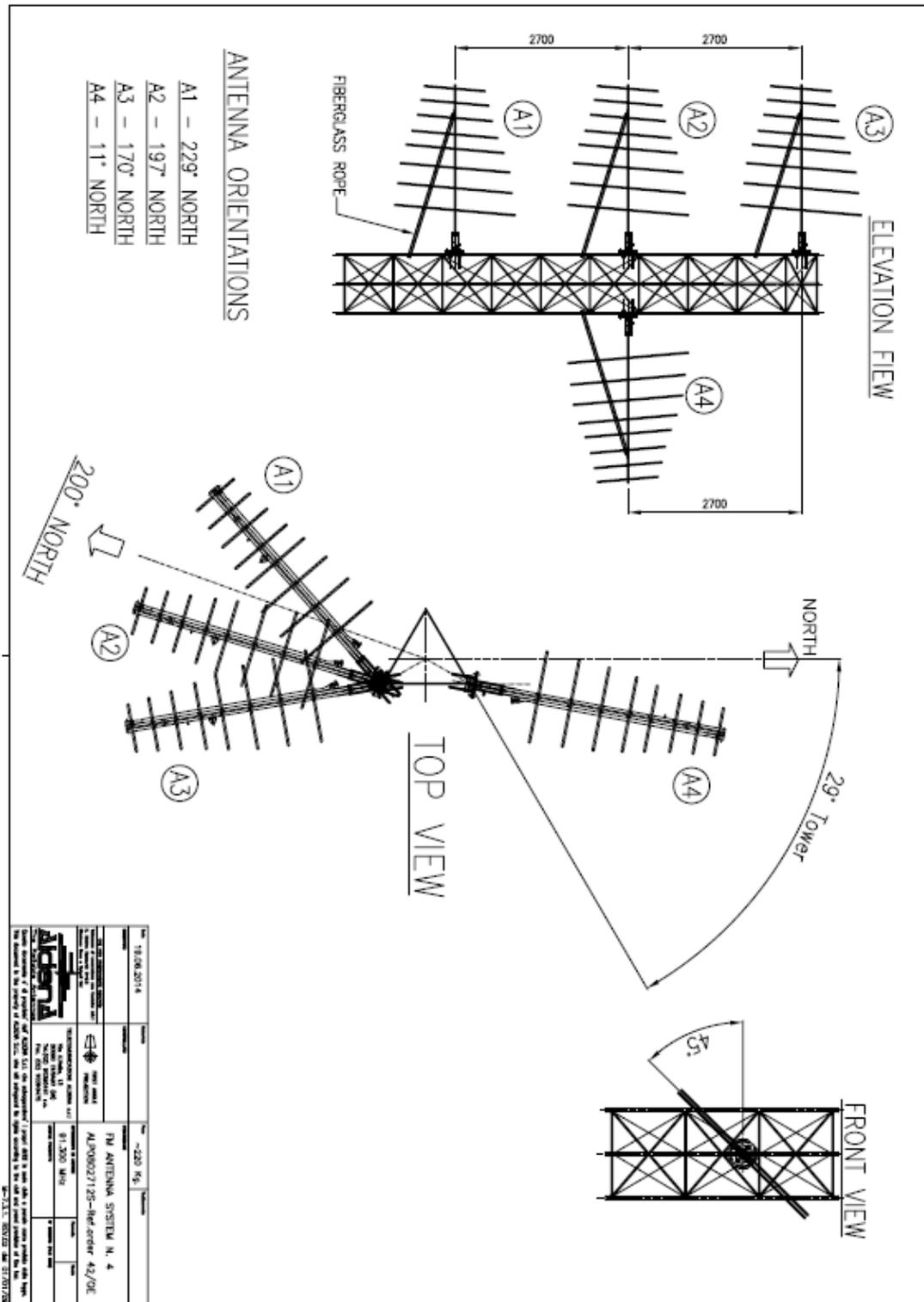


Figure.2 – Antenna support tower



METHOD OF MEASUREMENT:

A three levels of the Aldena ALP0802712S were set up on the Aldena full scale antenna pattern measuring range.

SUPERVISION:

Mr. Angelo Brustia graduated from Politecnico di Milano University in 1991 with the degree of laurea in Electronic Engineering - Transmission system specialist. He has been directly involved with design and development of RF equipment (radio-links), broadcast antennas and filter systems since 1992. His experience includes eight years as an RF Engineer for Siemens TLC Spa, four years in Telsa as Antenna Branch Technical Director, and ten years in Telecomunicazioni Aldena as Technical Director.

EQUIPMENT:

The pattern range consists of a metallic rotating structure equipped with position indicator and a platform (9 m height from ground level) on which are placed the antenna support and the antenna under test.

The transmitting antenna is placed 101 meters away from the rotating structure and it can be moved along a rail from ground level until 15m height. The transmitting antenna is mounted on a moving structure to changing its position quickly. Several antennas are available on the test range covering frequencies from 80 MHz to 900 MHz in both linear polarization and from 87 MHz to 108 MHz in circular polarization.

The complete measurement system is controlled by a computer running proprietary software. The transmitted signal is fed by a ½" foam cable to minimize attenuation. The receiving antenna is fed by a RG-214 double shielded coax cable to achieve the best flexibility during antenna rotation.

The control building is equipped with:

Rhode & Schwarz Model ZNC3 Network Analyzer

PC Based Controller

Laser Printer

Wide band 17 dB 1w RF amplifiers

20W VHF amplifier for 87-108 MHz band

All testing is carried out in strict accordance with approved procedures under our ISO9001:2008 quality program.

TEST PROCEDURES:

Antenna under test (A.U.T.) is mounted at ground level on a custom tower structure (Fig.3 & 4).



Figure 3 – Antenna bracket



Figure 4 – A.U.T.

The system is then elevated at 9 m height by means of a metallic arm placed on the rotating platform (Fig.5)



Fig.5 - A.U.T. on measure tower

The transmitting antenna is elevated from ground to the specified height to measure the antenna pattern at the same height as the A.U.T. (equatorial pattern measurement) or at different heights (tilt pattern measurement) – Fig.6



Fig.6- Transmitting antenna

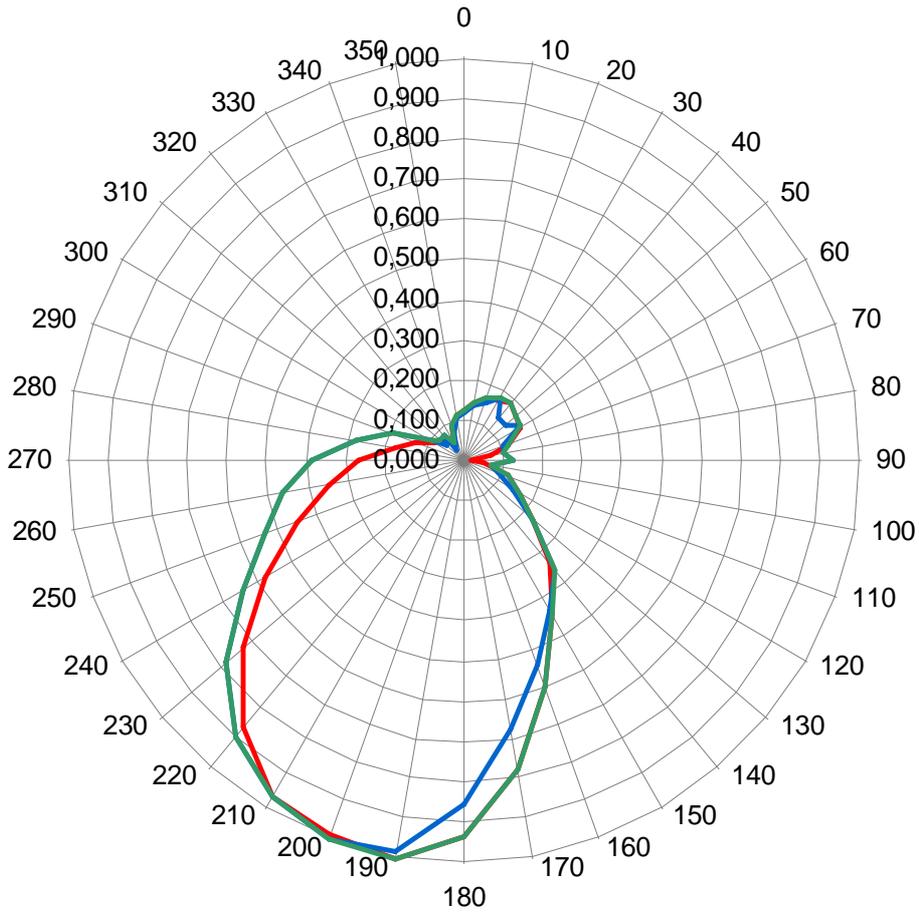
Depending on A.U.T. polarity the transmitting antenna will have linear polarization or selectable polarization (linear H, linear V, or circular)

Before the pattern/gain measurements are taken the system is “calibrated” by connecting the transmitting and receiving sides to compensate phase and amplitude of the cable feeding both antennas. In this way we can perform the measurement of the A.U.T. antennas without errors due to additional feeding cable attenuation and phase.

Respectfully submitted by:

Angelo Brustia
Director of Engineering

July 4th, 2014



**Figure 1A - Measured Composite Azimuth Pattern – Green
Measured Azimuth Horizontal Component Pattern- Red
Measured Azimuth Vertical Component Pattern- Blue**



Azimut	Relative Field						
0	0,122	90	0,017	180	0,930	270	0,264
10	0,145	100	0,050	190	1,000	280	0,172
20	0,170	110	0,116	200	0,990	290	0,128
30	0,176	120	0,167	210	0,962	300	0,084
40	0,187	130	0,229	220	0,862	310	0,081
50	0,171	140	0,331	230	0,720	320	0,052
60	0,162	150	0,439	240	0,577	330	0,050
70	0,114	160	0,600	250	0,446	340	0,093
80	0,069	170	0,780	260	0,347	350	0,108

Figure 1B - Tabulation of the Horizontal Polarization for the Measured Azimuth Pattern

Azimut	Relative Field						
0	0,117	90	0,121	180	0,850	270	0,380
10	0,136	100	0,066	190	0,980	280	0,280
20	0,157	110	0,090	200	1,000	290	0,190
30	0,181	120	0,143	210	0,961	300	0,094
40	0,135	130	0,228	220	0,897	310	0,058
50	0,134	140	0,350	230	0,776	320	0,078
60	0,166	150	0,423	240	0,641	330	0,028
70	0,108	160	0,538	250	0,531	340	0,075
80	0,100	170	0,680	260	0,460	350	0,106

Figure 1C - Tabulation of the Vertical Polarization for the Measured Azimuth Pattern



Azimut	Relative Field						
0	0,122	90	0,121	180	0,930	270	0,380
10	0,145	100	0,066	190	1,000	280	0,280
20	0,170	110	0,116	200	1,000	290	0,190
30	0,181	120	0,167	210	0,962	300	0,094
40	0,187	130	0,229	220	0,897	310	0,081
50	0,171	140	0,350	230	0,776	320	0,078
60	0,166	150	0,439	240	0,641	330	0,050
70	0,114	160	0,600	250	0,531	340	0,093
80	0,100	170	0,780	260	0,460	350	0,108

Figure 1D - Tabulation of the Measured Composite Azimuth Pattern

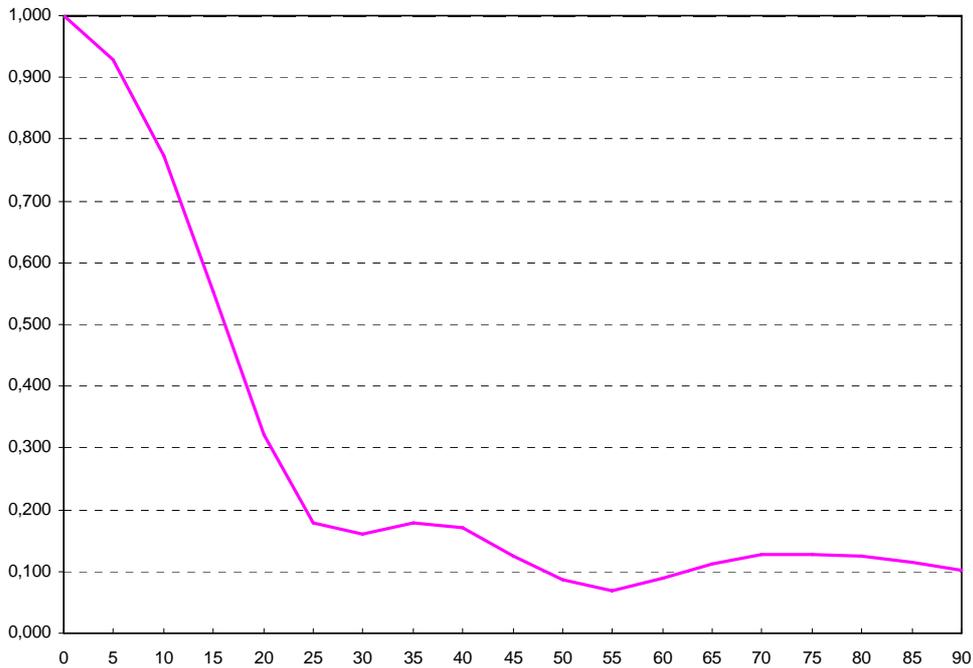


Figure 1E - Antenna Vertical Pattern



Elevation	Relative Field	Azimut	Relative Field
0	1,000	50	0,087
5	0,928	55	0,068
10	0,772	60	0,089
15	0,554	65	0,113
20	0,321	70	0,128
25	0,179	75	0,127
30	0,160	80	0,125
35	0,179	85	0,115
40	0,170	90	0,102
45	0,126		

Figure 1F - Tabulation of Antenna Vertical Pattern

Azimut	Relative Field						
0	0,199	90	0,201	180	1,000	270	0,400
10	0,201	100	0,227	190	1,000	280	0,323
20	0,193	110	0,274	200	1,000	290	0,266
30	0,189	120	0,336	210	1,000	300	0,217
40	0,188	130	0,423	220	1,000	310	0,198
50	0,187	140	0,532	230	0,875	320	0,179
60	0,196	150	0,640	240	0,757	330	0,200
70	0,199	160	0,804	250	0,622	340	0,199
80	0,192	170	1,000	260	0,501	350	0,201

Figure 1G - Tabulation of Composite FCC patterns

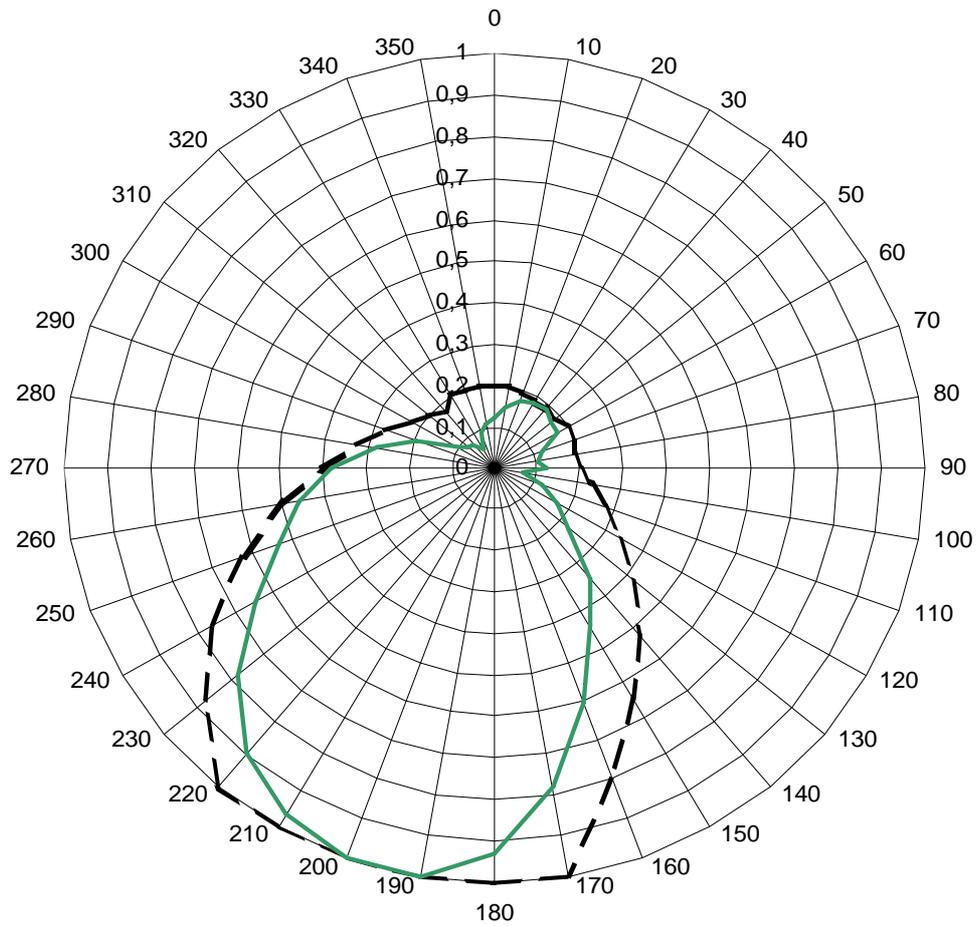


Figure 1H - WBNB FCC CP and composite antenna patterns



Results from measurements

Test conditions

Antennas are connected by means of a unbalanced splitting network and are mounted on a metallic triangular mast as in Fig. 2

Polarization: 45° slant polarization

Frequency: 91.3 MHz

Horizontal plane

Horizontal component RMS value: 0.454

Vertical component RMS value: 0.458

Horizontal pattern gain: 4.858 (6.86 dB)

Vertical pattern gain: 4.773 (6.79 dB)

Horizontal plane composite diagram

Composite RMS: 0.472

Elevation diagram

Elevation RMS: 0.404

Elevation pattern gain : 1.529

Antenna horizontal system gain

H.pol Horiz. pattern gain x Elevation pattern gain: 7.43 (8.71dB)

V.pol Horiz. pattern gain x Elevation pattern gain: 7.3 (8.63 dB)

Percentage of authorized FCC pattern 86.61%

ERP divided by horizontal power gain equals antenna input power (H)

26 kW ERP divided by 7.43 equals 3.5 kW.