

June 2023
KXLE-FM Channel 237C3
Ellensburg, WA
Allocation Study

The instant application proposes a “one step” modification of KXLE-FM, from Channel 237C1 to Channel 237C3, with a change in transmitter site. The attached spacing study shows that the proposed operation meets the co-channel and adjacent channel spacing requirements for Class C3 stations as prescribed in §73.207 of the Commission's Rules.

Please note that the HAAT of the proposed facility has been determined using 12 evenly-spaced radials (i.e. every 30 degrees).

SEARCH PARAMETERS

FM Database Date: 20230601

Channel: 237C3 95.3 MHz
 Latitude: 46 53 14.2 (NAD83)
 Longitude: 120 26 33.2
 Safety Zone: 32 km
 Job Title: KXLE-FM 237C3 MANASHTASH RIDGE

Page 1

Call Status	City St	FCC File No.	Channel Freq.	ERP(kW) HAAT(m)	Latitude Longitude	Bearing deg-True	Dist (km)	Req (km)
KZAL-FM1 LIC	WENATCHEE WA	BLFTB-20070516AC	234D 94.7	0.099 0.0	DA 47 22 50.5 120 17 19.3	11.9	56.08 0.00	0 BOOST
K237GY LIC	PROSSER WA	BLFT-20190128AAR	237D 95.3	0.205 0.0	DA 46 11 11.5 119 45 17.1	145.7	94.08 0.00	0 TRANS
KXLE-FM LIC	ELLENSBURG WA	BLH-20040217ACW	237C1 95.3	51.000 125.0	47 9 47.4 120 47 40.3	319.1	40.70 -170.30	211 SHORT
K237DP LIC	KENNEWICK WA	BLFT-20060524AHZ	237D 95.3	0.034 0.0	46 9 42.4 119 9 19.0	128.9	127.52 0.00	0 TRANS
K237AW LIC	CHELAN WA	BLFT-19860606TD	237D 95.3	0.053 0.0	47 48 24.4 120 2 5.2	16.6	106.77 0.00	0 TRANS
K238CH LIC	EPHRATA WA	0000132201	238D 95.5	0.250 0.0	47 18 17.5 119 35 57.1	53.7	79.09 0.00	0 TRANS
K239CS LIC	SUNNYSIDE WA	0000143287	239D 95.7	0.250 0.0	46 19 48.5 120 2 14.2	153.3	69.28 0.00	0 TRANS
KZML-FM1 LIC	WENATCHEE WA	BLFTB-20051017AA	240D 95.9	1.900 0.0	47 23 49.5 120 16 29.3	12.6	58.09 0.00	0 BOOST
KZML LIC	QUINCY WA	BLH-20030321ABM	240C2 95.9	11.000 320.0	47 19 12.4 119 48 3.1	45.0 SS	68.47 12.47	56 CLEAR
K291BV LIC	WAPATO WA	BLFT-20150309AGG	291D 106.1	0.250 0.0	46 31 54.5 120 27 18.2	181.4	39.53 0.00	0 TRANS

==== END OF FM SPACING STUDY FOR CHANNEL 237 =====

June 2023
KXLE-FM Channel 237C3
Ellensburg, WA
RF Exposure Study

Facilities Proposed

The proposed operation will be on Channel 237C3 (95.3 MHz) with an effective radiated power of 1.7 kilowatts. Operation is proposed with a 3-element circularly-polarized omni-directional half-wave-spaced antenna. The antenna will be side-mounted on an existing tower on Manashtash Ridge.

The proposed antenna support structure will not exceed 60.96 meters (200 feet) above ground and does not require notification to the Federal Aviation Administration. Therefore, this structure does not require an Antenna Structure Registration Number.

DETERMINATION Results	
Structure does not require registration. There are no airports within 8 kilometers (5 miles) of the coordinates you provided.	
Your Specifications	
NAD83 Coordinates	
Latitude	46-53-14.2 north
Longitude	120-26-33.2 west
Measurements (Meters)	
Overall Structure Height (AGL)	48.8
Support Structure Height (AGL)	48.8
Site Elevation (AMSL)	981
Structure Type	
GTOWER - Guyed Structure Used for Communication Purposes	

RF Exposure Calculations

The power density calculations shown below were made using the techniques outlined in OET Bulletin No. 65. "Ground level" calculations in this report have been made at a reference height of 2 meters above ground to provide a worst-case estimate of exposure for persons standing on the ground in the vicinity of the tower. The equation shown below was used to calculate the ground level power density figures from each antenna.

$$S(\mu W / cm^2) = \frac{33.4 \times AdjERP(Watts)}{D^2}$$

Where: *AdjERP(Watts)* is the maximum lobe effective radiated power times the element

pattern factor times the array pattern factor.

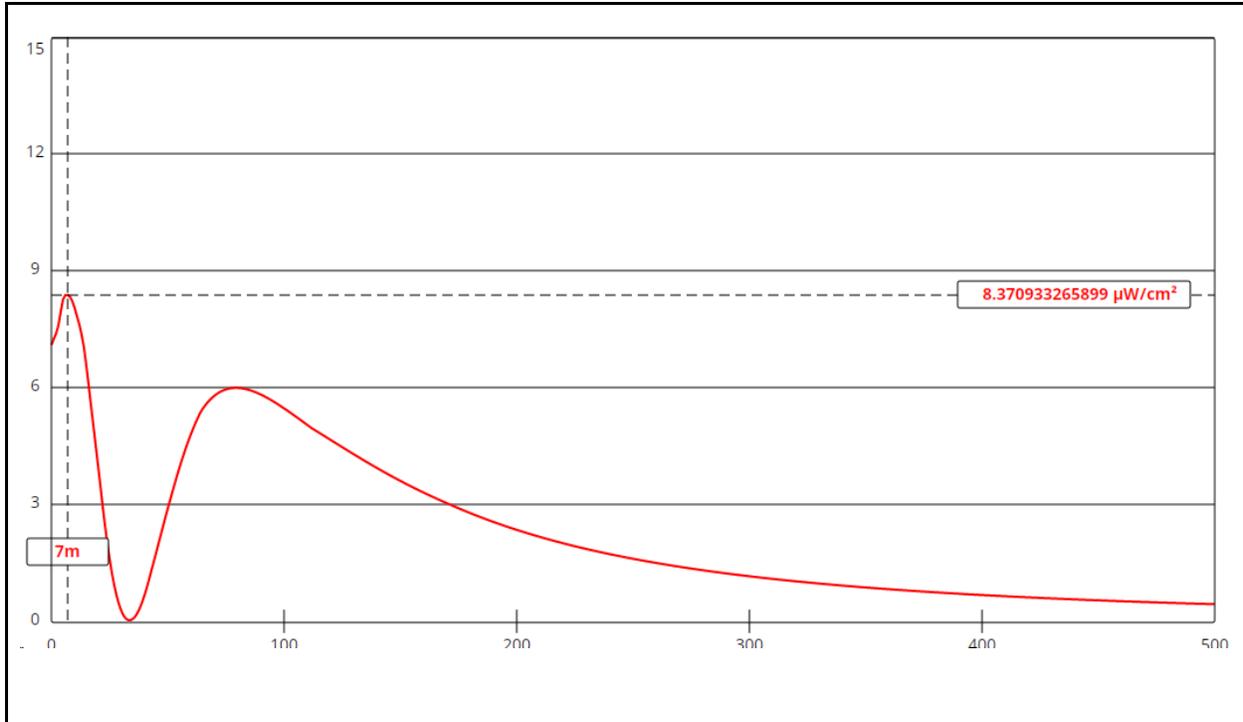
D is the distance in meters from the center of radiation to the calculation point.

Ground level power densities have been calculated for locations extending from the base of the tower to a distance of 500 meters. Values past this point are increasingly negligible.

While a three-bay, half-wavelength-spaced antenna is planned, the exact make and model have not yet been selected. Calculations of the power density produced by the proposed antenna system therefore assume a Type 1 element pattern, which is the “worst case” element pattern. The highest calculated ground level power density occurs at a distance of 7 meters from the base of the antenna support structure. At this point the power density is calculated to be $8.4 \mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$, which is 4.2% of the FCC standard for uncontrolled environments.

These calculations show that the maximum calculated power density produced at two meters above ground level by the proposed operation of KXLE-FM alone is less than 5% of the applicable FCC exposure limit at all locations between 1 and 500 meters from the base of the antenna support structure. Section 1.1307 of the Commission's Rules exempts applications for new facilities or modifications to existing facilities from the requirement of preparing an environmental assessment when the calculated emissions from the applicant's proposed facility are predicted to be less than 5% of the applicable FCC exposure limit. Therefore, the proposed facility is in compliance with Section 1.1301 *et seq* and no further analysis of RF exposure at this site is required in this application.

The permittee/licensee in coordination with other users of the site must reduce power or cease operation as necessary to protect persons having access to the site, tower or antenna from radiofrequency exposure in excess of FCC guidelines.



Ground-Level RF Exposure

OET FMModel

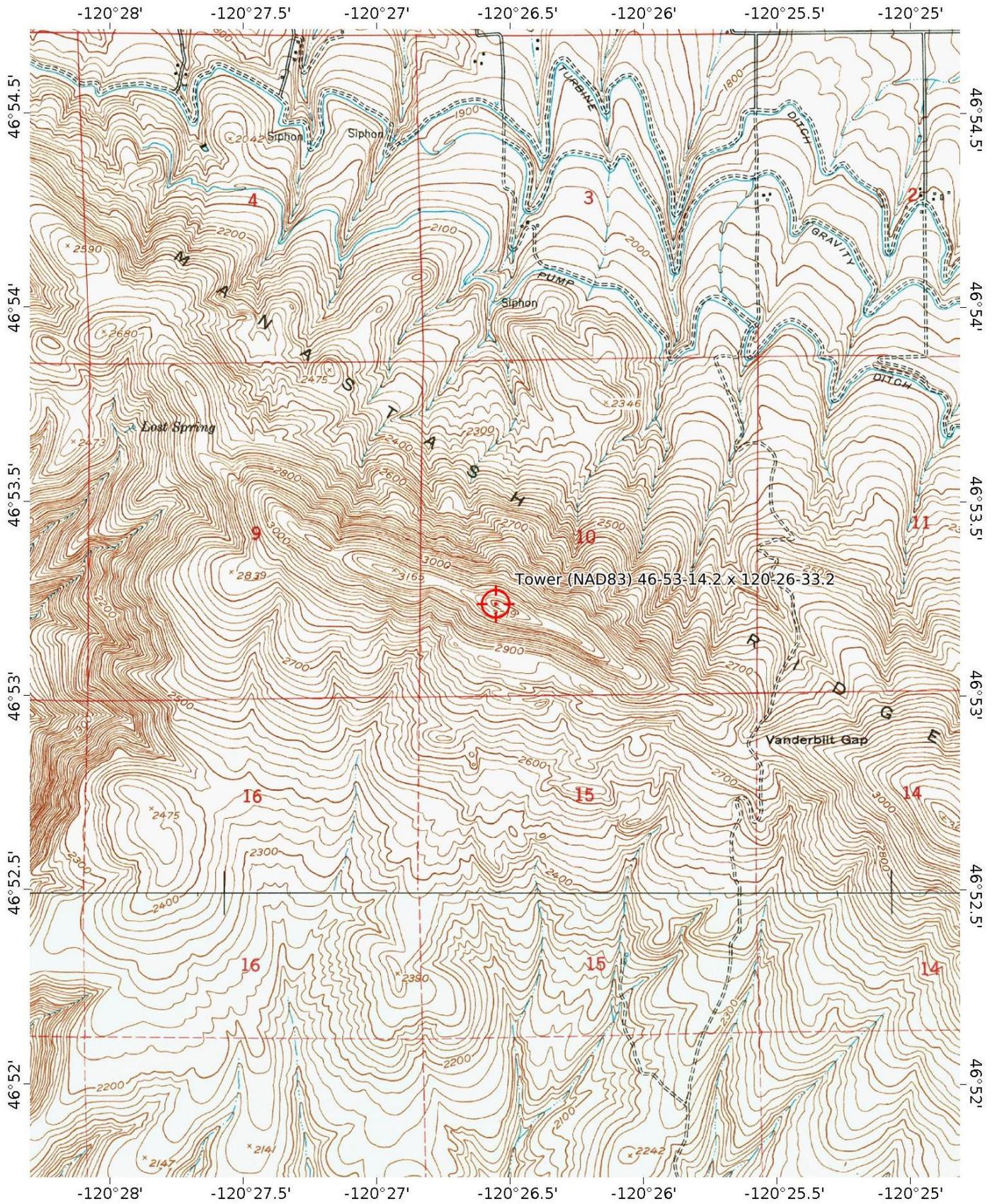
KXLE-FM 237C3 Ellensburg

Antenna Type: Type 1 assumed
 No. of Elements: 3
 Element Spacing: 0.5 wavelength

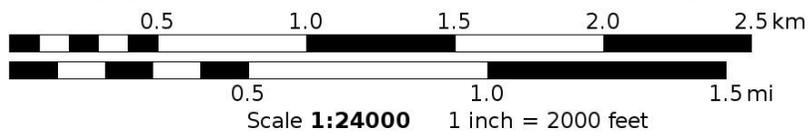
Distance: 500 meters
 Horizontal ERP: 1.7 kW
 Vertical ERP: 1.7 kW

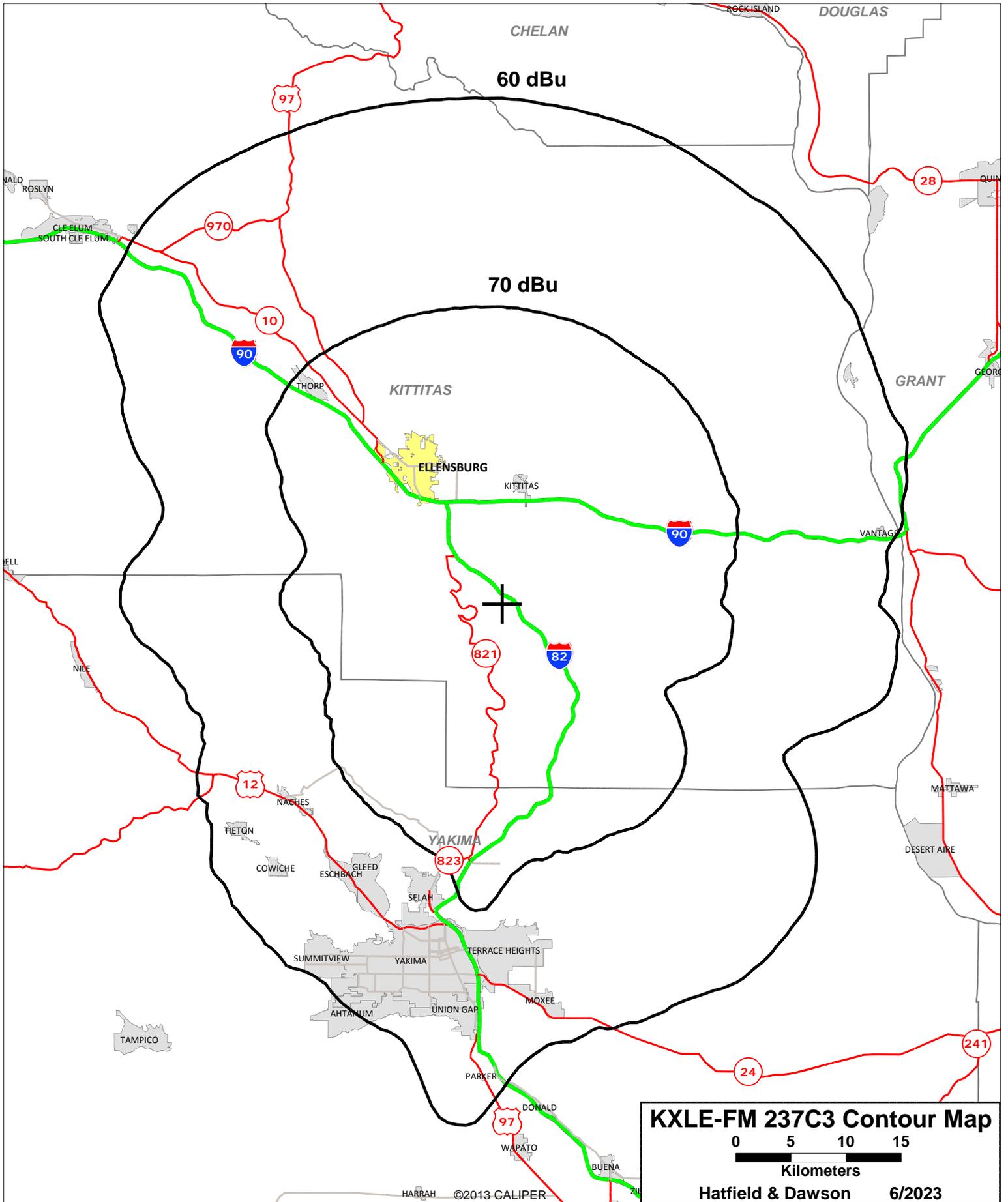
Antenna Height: 32 meters AGL

Maximum Calculated Power Density is 8.4 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ at 7 meters from the antenna structure.



Mercator Projection
 WGS84
 UTM Zone 10T
 CALTOPO





KXLE-FM 237C3 Contour Map
 0 5 10 15
 Kilometers
 Hatfield & Dawson 6/2023