

ENVIRONMENTAL AND RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE STATEMENT
WPVN HOLDINGS, LLC
MINOR CHANGE IN LICENSED FACILITY
WPVN-CD, CHICAGO, IL
LICENSED: CH 20, 15.0 KW-DIRECTIONAL, 390.4 m AGL
PROPOSED: CH 26, 15.0 KW-DIRECTIONAL, 390.4 m AGL

The transmit antenna for the WPVN-CD assigned repack facility is mounted on top of a multi-story building with the building having an overall height 419.1 meters holding an Antenna Structure Registration number of 1279395. There will be no environmental impact with the antenna being located on the roof of this existing building.

The WPVN-CD facility, operating on repack channel 26, was evaluated in terms of potential radio frequency (RF) energy exposure at ground level to workers and the general public. The radiation center for the antenna is located 390.4 meters above ground level. The proposed operation was evaluated using Far-Field Equation (1) on page 30 of Supplement A to OET Bulletin No. 65 (August 1997). The ERP utilized in the calculations was set to the maximum ERP value of 15.0 kW which is the total power radiated in the horizontal plane. The elevation-plane antenna relative field values ["F" in Equation (1)] were those published by the manufacturer for the specified antenna. The maximum calculated power density at 2 meters (6.6 feet) above ground level is 0.0001 mW/cm² which is 0.01% of the FCC's recommended limit of 1.82 mW/cm² for an occupational/controlled environment and 0.04% of 0.36 mW/cm² for general public/uncontrolled exposure. The proposed operation is therefore categorically excluded under Section 1.1306 of the Commission's rules from having to consider the contributions of other stations at the site.

Access to the roof top where the transmitting antenna is located and to any radio frequency generating equipment is restricted and will be appropriately marked with warning signs. In the event that workers or other authorized personnel enter restricted areas, appropriate measures will be taken to assure worker safety with respect to radio frequency radiation exposure. Such measures include reducing the average exposure by spreading out the work over a longer period of time, wearing "accepted" RFR protective clothing and/or RFR exposure monitors or scheduling work when the station is at reduced power or shut down.