

¹ T-Mobile USA, Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of T-Mobile US, Inc., a publicly traded company.

T-Mobile is moving quickly to realize the benefits of the incentive auction that Congress and the FCC envisaged by deploying competitive broadband services throughout the country, particularly in rural America. Broadband stimulates economic growth, creates jobs, and enhances global competitiveness while revamping fields as diverse as education, energy production and agriculture. Indeed, after the 600 MHz auction closed with nearly \$20 billion in proceeds, a bipartisan group of House Energy and Commerce Committee leaders declared the auction a "success" that had "revolutionized the way that our nation makes spectrum bidding bids," a bipartisan group of House Energy and Commerce Committee leaders declared.

I am writing to inform you of a voluntary commitment that T-Mobile USA, Inc.¹ ("T-Mobile") is making to compensate television stations that operate on a secondary basis for the loss of revenue from the auction. While these stations are required to move from the 600 MHz band channel to a permanent channel, T-Mobile recognizes that some of these stations may need to move twice, and T-Mobile is willing to go beyond what is required and compensate these stations for the additional move. T-Mobile's voluntary commitment will significantly ease the burden on these stations and help ensure that their service to the public is not disrupted.

Dear Ms. Dorch:

Re: *The Incentive Auction Task Force and Media Bureau Announcement Procedures For Low Power Television, Television Translator and Repeater Station Duties During the Post-Incentive Auction Transition*, MB Document No. 16-306; GN Document No. 12-268

Ms. Marlene H. Dorch
Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
445 12th Street, S.W.
Room TW-A325
Washington, D.C. 20554

Written Ex Parte Communication

July 17, 2017

601 Pennsylvania Ave. NW
North Building, Suite 800
Washington, DC 20004

T-Mobile

In some areas, however, the Special Displacement Window for secondary licensees could occur after T-Mobile's planned 600 MHz wireless broadband deployment. The potential for T-Mobile's broadband deployment to outpace the anticipated timing of the FCC's displacement window could require some secondary licensees to relocate to temporary channels that differ from the permanent alternative channels the secondary operators may receive following the assignment of frequencies available during the Special Displacement Window. As a result, some secondary operators could face two sets of relocation expenses — one set of relocation expenses prior to the opening of the Special Displacement Window and a second set of relocation expenses secondary operators could face during the Special Displacement Window. As a result, some assignees of frequencies could face two sets of relocation expenses — one set of relocation expenses secondary operators could face during the Special Displacement Window and a second set of relocation expenses secondary operators could face during the Special Displacement Window.

T-Mobile recognizes the valuable services that these secondary licensees can provide to the public, and the FCC has adopted numerous measures to support legacy secondary operations, including a process by which secondary licensees displaced by 600 MHz broadband deployments can seek new licenses in the remaining spectrum below the 600 MHz band.¹¹ Under the FCC's rules, displaced secondary stations will have an opportunity to file applications to access another channel in the repackaged TV band or to enter channel-sharing arrangements with a so-called Special Displacement Window the Media Bureau will open no sooner than November 13, 2017.¹²

These secondary stations enjoy fewer protections than full-power and Class A licensees. Secondary licensees were ineligible to participate in the incentive auction, ineligible for relocation funds and not entitled to protection against harmful interference under the FCC's rules.⁸ As a result, secondary stations must terminate operations in the 600 MHz after receiving notice from the new licensees in the band.⁹ Consistent with these notice provisions, T-Mobile has already notified some secondary 600 MHz LPTV and television translator licensees of T-Mobile's deployment plans and the secondary licensees' obligation to avoid causing interference to T-Mobile's mobile broadband operations.¹⁰

to ensure that each expense is reasonable.” *Licentiate Auction Order # 622.* When remunerating LPTV licensees for the cost of duplicative relocation expenses, T-Mobile will likewise reserve the right to ensure the reasonableness of each expense in the context of the planned relocation, including reviewing the costs associated with both the first and second moves to ensure that costs are attributed in a reasonable way. Once an LPTV operator submits a valid request for reimbursement, T-Mobile will reimburse the claim within a reasonable amount of time of receiving it, consistent with the duration of time necessary for the reimbursement of final expenses for full-power and Class A television licenses. Finally, the Commission’s reimbursement program includes a sunset date: no expenses will be reimbursed after the close of the three-year relocation period. *See Remuneration Declaration Rule ¶ 2.* In remunerating LPTV and TV translator operators for the duplicative relocation expenses of eligible secondary licensees, T-Mobile will follow a similar policy: all remuneration claims will have had to have been submitted and processed during the three-year relocation period.

(202) 654-5900

T-MOBILE USA, INC.

Technology and Emerging Policy

Vice President, G

Sincerely,

Secondary licensees eligible for T-Mobile's Supplemental Rembursement Program will have received notice of T-Mobile's intent to deploy in their area; they should contact the representative listed in their notice for additional information about this program. Should the Commission have questions concerning this letter or T-Mobile's voluntary commitment to secondary licenses in the 600 MHz band, please feel free to contact me.

Please email 600MHzFC@T-Mobile.com once you have determined when you will eliminate the interference. If you would like additional information regarding our findings or if it might be

The FCC will work with you to attempt find a new television channel outside of the new 600 MHz mobile band that will not interfere with T-Mobile's network. You should review the FCC's Tools Available to LPTV/Translater Station Public Notice (enclosed) released on June 14, 2017 and contact Hossein Hashemzadeh, Melvin Collins, or Barbara Kreisman at the FCC for more information about the options available in your area.⁸²

The FCC regulations also require you to cease operations or eliminate the potential for harmful interference to T-Mobile's wireless facilities in the PEA # 397 market. This letter provides the 120 days advance notification required by FCC regulations, 47 CFR §73.3700(g)(4).

T-Mobile will commence its operations in the PEA # 397 market on 11/27/2017. This letter informs you that the FCC has determined that your facility exceeds those thresholds and is an interference risk to its wireless operations. Your facility creates a sufficient interference risk to wireless facilities. T-Mobile has determined that stations set the thresholds at which the predicted field strength from low power TV and translator base station and user equipment locations in the PEA # 397 market from your facility. The FCC base station and analysis predicts field strength at T-Mobile's Management System ("LMS") for your facility. This analysis is performed by the FCC's Licensing and Interference procedures⁸³, using publicly available information in the FCC's Licensee database performed, as specified by the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") Inter-service To determine if your station(s) is likely to cause interference, an interference analysis has been

T-Mobile USA, Inc. ("T-Mobile") is notifying you that T-Mobile is preparing to commence operations on its 600MHz spectrum in the Partial Economic Area ("PEA") # 397 by 11/27/2017 and your station is likely to cause harmful interference to T-Mobile's operations.

Dear W46DF-D/Facility ID:129776 Licensee:

RE: Notification of intent to begin 600MHz Operations

WMTY, INC.
156 2nd Ave NE
Hamilton, AL 35570

July 24, 2017

VIA CERTIFIED MAIL & EMAIL



¹ The FCC’s “Economic and Innovation Auction” (*EIA*) was held on June 14, 2017. The EIA was designed to award spectrum licenses in the 600 MHz band to entities that can demonstrate the most innovative use of the spectrum. The FCC has awarded spectrum in the 600 MHz band to entities such as AT&T, Verizon, and T-Mobile. See *Economic and Innovation Auction Opportunities of Spectrum Through Incentive Auctions*, 29 FCC Rec’d 6567, 6841-42, paras. 668-71 (2014) (subsequent citations omitted); *id.* at 6840 n.1863 (“To the extent that 600 MHz Band licenses are commanding operations in areas of their geographic licenses where harmful interference [continues]...”).

² Middle Class Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012, Pub. L. No. 112-96, §§ 6402 (codified at 47 U.S.C. § 309(j)(8)(G)), 6403 (codified at 47 U.S.C. § 1452), 126 Stat. 156 (2012).

³ See Incentive Auction Closings and Channel Reallocation Requirements Public Notice: The Broadcast Television Incentive Auction Closes; Reverse Auction and Forward Auction Results Announced; Final Television Band Channel Auction Closes; Post-Auction Deadlines Announced, Public Notice, 32 FCC Rec’d 2786 (2017) (Closing and Assisting in the Relocation of Broadcast Stations from the 600 MHz band to the 700 MHz band).

⁴ Incentive Auction Task Force and Wireless Telecommunications Bureau Grant 600 MHz Licenses, Public Notice, DA 17-582 (rel. June 14, 2017).

2. Auction 1000, conducted pursuant to Title VI of the Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012 (Spectrum Act),² was completed on April 13, 2017, with the release of the Closing and Channel Resignment Public Notice.³ Today, the licensee Action Task Force and Whiteless Telecommunications Bureau granted 2,317 licenses in the 600 MHz Band.⁴ LPTV/translator stations on channels 38 through 51 must terminate operations if they receive notice of likely interference to a new 600 MHz band licensees that intend to commence operations or conduct FFA testing.⁵ This notice must

II. BACKGROUND

- In the LPTV Procedures Public Notice, the Licentiate Auction Task Force and Media Bureau described procedures for a Special Displacement Window for operating low power television, analog-to-digital repackaged translator, and TV translator stations (referred to collectively as "LPTV/translator stations") that are displaced as a result of the broadcaster incentive auction (Auction 1000) and repacking process. This Public Notice sets forth tools available to LPTV/translator stations that are displaced prior to the opening of the Special Displacement Window. Such displacement could occur as a result of new 600 MHz Band wireless licensees commencing operations or conducting first field application (FFA) testing on their licensed 600 MHz spectrum prior to the opening of the Special Displacement Window. The tools listed below can be used to permit displaced stations to continue providing service to viewers with as little disruption as possible.

I. INTRODUCTION

INCENTIVE AUCCTION TASK FORCE AND MEDIA BUREAU SET FORTH TOOLS
AVAILABLE TO LPV/TRANSLATOR STATIONS DISPLACED PRIOR TO THE SPECIAL
DISPLACEMENT WINDOW
MB Doccket No. 16-306
GN Doccket No. 12-268

Released: June 14, 2017

DIA 17-584

Federal Communications Commission
445 12th St., S.W.
News Media Information: 202-418-0500
Internet: <http://www.fcc.gov>
TTY: 888-835-5322

PUBLIC NOTICE



¹⁵ LPTV Procedures Public Notice at paras. 14-16.

¹⁴ See LPTV Procedures Public Notice at para. 11 & n.42; 47 CFR §§ 73.3700(g), 74.787.

¹³ 47 CFR § 74.709.

¹² LPTV Procedures Public Notice at para. 11.

^{2016).}

¹¹ See Media Bureau Announces Date By Which LPTV and TV Translator Stations Must Be "Operating" In Order To Participate In Post-Auction Special Displacement Window, Public Notice, 31 FCC Rcd 5383 (MB

submit a displacement application that proposes to share a channel with the other eligible LPTV/translator or more eligible LPTV/translator stations may each request a waiver of the Displacement Freeze and continue to provide service to viewers in areas where the channel availability is limited. We clarify that two stations may also use the following sharing tools to

8. Displaced LPTV/translator stations may also use the following sharing tools to

B. Channel Sharing

their STA operations if their application is ultimately not granted.

STA to operate the facilities proposed in their displacement applications may be required to terminate Special Displacement Window and processed in accordance with the rules. Therefore, stations granted an application filed by eligible LPTV/translator stations will be treated as filed on the last day of the technical and interference rules. Relief, if granted, will be temporary. As noted above, displacements considering the STA request, we will assess whether the proposed displacement facility complies with our application for an STA to operate on the channel proposed in their displacement application. In

3. Special Temporary Authority

according to the rules for the Window.¹⁵ Alternative channels and expanded facilities proposed during the two filing windows by reassigned full power and Class A stations¹⁴ will be treated as if filed on the last day of the Special Displacement Window and processed in alternative channels and valid construction permits for LPTV stations; (3) licenses and valid construction permits for full power and Class A stations that were not reassigned; (4) the post-auction channels of reassigned full power and Class A stations as reflected in the Closing and Reassignment Public Notice, and (5) the primary users in the repackaged TV Band or in adjacent bands including land mobile operations.¹³ The channels and valid construction permits for LPTV stations that have been repurposed for the new 600 MHz Band.¹² As channels 2 through 36, and not for channels allocated to broadcast television service (i.e.,

that they may only apply for a channel seeking to operate on a temporary channel

2. Displacement Applications

Applications that do not include the 120-day notice will be dismissed.

Licenses with their displacement applications in support of a waiver of the Displacement Freeze. Stations must submit a copy of the 120-day notice that they received from the 600 MHz Band wireless Special Displacement Window opens (eligible LPTV/translator stations). Eligible LPTV/translator commence operations or FFA testing, and (2) whose termination of operations date will occur before the LPTV/translator station is likely to cause interference in areas where the wireless licensee intends to on channels 38 through 51 (1) that have received a 120-day notice from a 600 MHz wireless licensee that

5. The ability to operate on a temporary channel is limited to "operating" LPTV stations¹¹

1. Eligibility

A. Operation on Temporary Channel