

КНАМ

BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

Date first licensed JUNE 4, 1979

Call letters KHAM

Horseshoe Bend, Arkansas
Station location

NAME OF LICENSEE GENE WILLIAMS (AL: 2-25-80 EFF:
x GENE WILLIAMS AND MARVIN HARE dba H & W BROADCASTING COMPANY

Transmitter location On N. side of county road between Ash Flat and Day Arkansas,
approximately 1/2 mi. NE of Horseshoe Bend, Arkansas (CP 9-11-78)

Main studio location SAME AS TRANSMITTER LOCATION (CP 9-11-78)

CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl. No.	Date Issued	Freq.	Power	Time Div.	Period From To
BP-20,445 (L)	9-11-78	1000kHz CP for NEW AM Station	250w	Day NDA	9-11-79
EBSA	11-6-78				
BL-781108AB(L)	6-4-79	Lic. to cover STATION		BP-20445	for NEW AM 6-1-82
BAL800122FG	2-25-80	VOL. AL,.		EFF:	

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

K H A M

Call
Letters NEW

GENE WILLIAMS AND MARVIN HARE DBA H & W BROADCASTING COMPANY

Name Horsehoe Bend, Arkansas Highway 289, Horsehoe Bend, Ark. 72512

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BP- 20,445 Rec'd Filed #50-585764 AC:001 PRESS: DEC 12 1977 PN filed	6-22-76 6-28-76 6-28-76 9-8-76	Construction permit for new station on: Freq. 1000kHz Power 250 w Hour of operation: Daytime trans. COLLINS 820D-2 trans. loc. On N. side of county road between A-h Flat and Day Ark. approx. 1/2 mi. NE of Horsehoe Bend, Ark. SL same as trans. 36° 15' 14" 91° 41' 41" Atty: --- Engr. E. W. Bie	GRANTED	9-11-78
Amend R & F	4-5-78	re: additional information concern public notice Exh. #2.		
Amend Rec'd	4-10-78	re: Engineering statement, Tour Map		

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

1000khz

#2

Call
Letters K H A M

GENE WILLIAMS

Name xGENE WILLIAMS AND MARVIN HARE dba H & W BROADCASTING COMPANY
Bend, Arkansas

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BL-781108AB R & F PTA PRESS	11-8-78 11-17-78 JAN 11 1979	Lic. to cover BP-20,445 for New Standard Broadcast Station	GRANTED	6-4-79
BAL800122FG Form 316 PRESS JAN	1-10-80 1980	Vol. AL to GENE WILLIAMS	GRANTED EFF:	2-25-80 3-7-80

About the History Cards ...

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file. History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form – 3" by 5" filing cards – for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). The History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only one set is known to exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above. Generally, they have been left as negatives as those are often easier to read.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

