August 2021
New FM Channel 217C3
Challis, Idaho
Allocation Study

The attached spacing study shows the co-channel and adjacent channel spacing between stations and demonstrates that the proposed operation meets the IF channel spacing requirements as prescribed in §73.207 of the Commission's Rules.

Individual stations were examined to confirm the lack of prohibited contour overlap as prescribed in §73.509 of the Commission's Rules. The attached allocation study exhibits demonstrate requisite contour protection for the following domestic stations:

First-adjacent: KBSS 216C2 Sun Valley

KBSX 218C0 Boise

TV Channel 6

Section 73.525 of the Commission's Rules specifies a threshold distance of 174 kilometers for FM stations operating on Channel 217. There is no TV Channel 6 station located within this threshold distance. (The nearest is KTVM-TV Ch6 Butte, at a distance of 207 kilometers.) Therefore, the proposed facility satisfies interference protection requirements of Section 73.525.

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______ FM Database Date: 20210815 SEARCH PARAMETERS

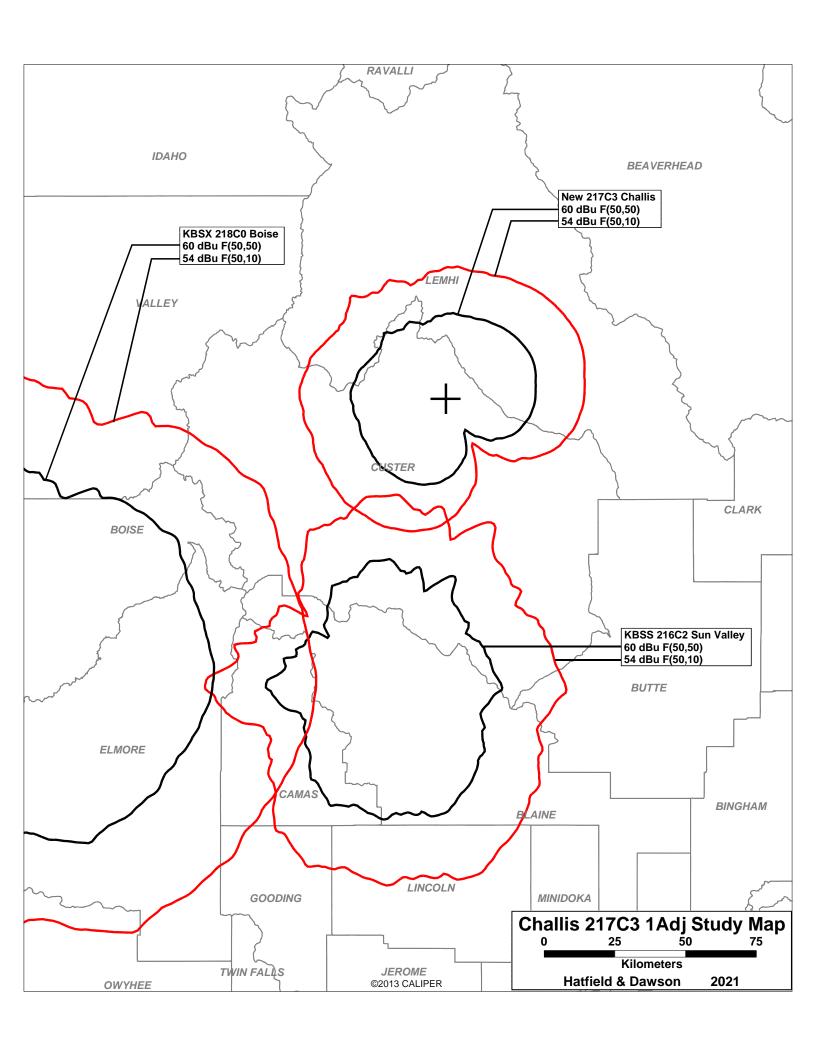
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Channel: 217C3 91.3 MHz Latitude: 44 33 8.9 (NAD83)

Longitude: 114 5 24.8
Safety Zone: 50 km
Job Title: CHALLIS 217C3

Status	City C St FCC File No.	Freq.	HAAT(m)	Lo	ngit	tude	deg-True	(km)	(km)
KBSS LIC	SUN VALLEY ID BLED-20040901ABR	216C2	0.700	DA 43	38	35.6	193.8	103.99	117
K216CD LIC	LOWER STANLEY ID BLFT-19911113TA								
KBSS CP	SUN VALLEY ID 0000124911						193.8		
K216CD CP	STANLEY ID 0000112330								
KAPC LIC	BUTTE MT BLED-19990222KB								
KBSX LIC	BOISE ID BLED-20010917AAO								
KBSX CP	BOISE ID 0000124942	218C0 91.5	10.500 827.0	43 116	45 5	20.8	241.8	183.48 20.48	163 CLEAR
K218FA LIC	SALMON ID BLFT-20110617ADC	218D 91.5	0.080	45 113	11 52	0.7 17.2	13.7	72.23	
K220CG LIC	SALMON ID BLFT-19900312TE						5.5		0 TRANS

=== END OF FM SPACING STUDY FOR CHANNEL 217 ====



August 2021 New FM Channel 217C3 Challis, Idaho RF Exposure Study

Facilities Proposed

The proposed operation will be on Channel 217C3 (91.3 MHz) with an effective radiated power of 100 watts. Operation is proposed with an antenna to be mounted on an existing tower on a mountaintop 12 kilometers northeast of Challis.

The proposed antenna support structure will not exceed 60.96 meters (200 feet) above ground and does not require notification to the Federal Aviation Administration. Therefore, this structure does not require an Antenna Structure Registration Number.

DETERMINATION Results Structure does not require registration. There are no airports within 8 kilometers (5 miles) of the coordinates you provided. Your Specifications						
Latitude	44-33-08.9 north					
Longitude	114-05-24.8 west					
Measurements (Meters)						
Overall Structure Height (AGL)	9.1					
Support Structure Height (AGL)	9.1					
Site Elevation (AMSL)	2598					
Structure Type						
LTOWER - Lattice Tower						

RF Exposure Calculations

The power density calculations shown below were made using the techniques outlined in OET Bulletin No. 65. "Ground level" calculations in this report have been made at a reference height of 2 meters above ground to provide a worst-case estimate of exposure for persons standing on the ground in the vicinity of the tower. The equation shown below was used to calculate the ground level power density figures from each antenna.

$$S(\mu W / cm^2) = \frac{33.40981 \times AdjERP(Watts)}{D^2}$$

Where: *AdjERP(Watts)* is the maximum lobe effective radiated power times the element pattern factor times the array pattern factor.

D is the distance in meters from the center of radiation to the calculation point.

Ground level power densities have been calculated for locations extending from the base of the tower to a distance of 500 meters. Values past this point are increasingly negligible.

Calculations of the power density produced by the proposed Challis 217C3 antenna system assume a Type 2 element pattern, which is the element pattern for the Nicom BKG77-2 antenna proposed for use. The highest calculated ground level power density occurs at a distance of 3 meters from the base of the antenna support structure. At this point the power density is calculated to be 43.1 μ W/cm².

This antenna system will be shared with a second station, another full-power FM as proposed in a separate application. While there will be slight differences in the calculated ground-level exposure levels from different frequencies on this antenna system, these calculations show that the maximum calculated power density produced at two meters above ground level by the proposed operation of two 100 watt stations is approximately 87 μ W/cm², which is 43.5% of 200 μ W/cm² (the FCC standard for uncontrolled environments).

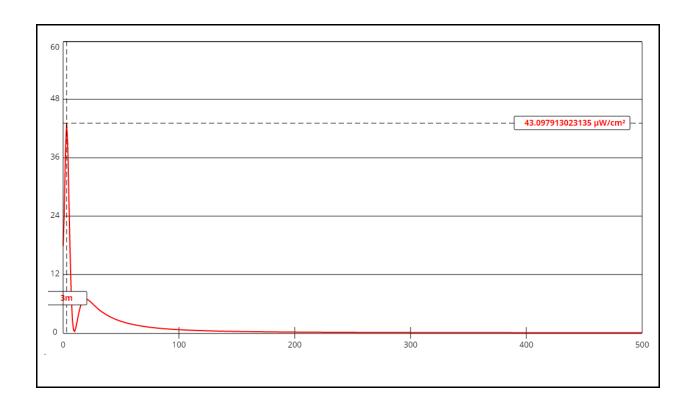
TV translator K12LS-D is also located at this site. Calculations of the power density produced by the K12LS-D antenna system have been made assuming that the antenna will radiate 100% power straight down to a point 2 meters above ground at the base of the tower (6.2 meters below the antenna). Under this worst-case assumption, the highest calculated ground level power density from K12LS-D occurs at the base of the antenna support structure. At this point the power density is calculated to be 20.0 μ W/cm², which is 10% of 200 μ W/cm² (the FCC standard for uncontrolled environments).

These calculations show that the maximum calculated power density produced at two meters above ground level by the proposed operation of the two proposed Challis FM stations and the present operation of K12LS-D (were their maxima to coincide, which they do not) is 53.5% of the FCC

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standard for uncontrolled environments.

The permittee/licensee in coordination with other users of the site must reduce power or cease operation as necessary to protect persons having access to the site, tower or antenna from radiofrequency exposure in excess of FCC guidelines.



Ground-Level RF Exposure

OET FMModel

Challis 217C3

Antenna Type: Nicom BKG77-2 (Type 2)

No. of Elements: 2

Element Spacing: 1.0 wavelength

Distance: 500 meters
Horizontal ERP: 100 watts
Vertical ERP: 100 watts

Antenna Height: 7.6 meters AGL

Maximum Calculated Power Density is 43.1 μ W/cm² at 3 meters from the antenna structure.

August 2021 New FM Channel 217C3 Challis, Idaho Area and Population Calculation Methodology

Calculation of the area within the 60 dBu contour was performed by the mapping program Maptitude, which includes a function which automatically calculates the area within irregular polygons. In cases where the 60 dBu contour included any large water areas, those were excluded by using a related tool in the program which allows the user to outline an irregular polygon. The software returns the area of that polygon, and that area was then subtracted from the total area within the contour.

Total area inside 60 dBu contour:	2,774 sq km				
Water area excluded:	0 sq km				
Total land area inside 60 dBu contour:	2,774 sq km				

Population was calculated by summing the individual populations of each of the census blocks from the 2010 Census whose centroids are encompassed by the proposed 60 dBu contour.

Population inside 60 dBu contour:	2,730
1 opulation inside of aba contour.	2,730

