## ENVIRONMENTAL AND RADIO FREQUENCY SAFETY

The licensee of WNAB is committed to the protection of station personnel and/or tower contractors working in the vicinity of the WNAB antenna, and is committed to reducing power or ceasing operation during times of maintenance of the transmission systems, when necessary, to ensure protection to personnel.

The predicted emissions of WNAB must be considered, in addition to predicted emissions from any other proposed or existing stations at the site. For WNAB, which will operate on television Channel 30 (566-572 MHZ), the MPE is 379.33 microwatts per centimeter squared ( $\mu \mathrm{W} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) in an "uncontrolled" environment and $1,896.7 \mu \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ in a "controlled" environment. The proposed WNAB facility will operate with a maximum ERP of 200 kW from an elliptically polarized directional transmitting antenna with a centerline height of 366 meters above ground level (AGL). Considering a conservative predicted vertical plane relative field factor of 0.300 the WNAB facility is predicted to produce a power density at two meters above ground level of $5.674 \mu \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$, which is $1.496 \%$ of the FCC guideline value for an "uncontrolled" environment, and 0.299\% of the FCC's guideline value for "controlled" environments. There are two other full-power DTV facilities, one LPTV DTV facility, four full-power FM stations, one LPFM station and three FM auxiliary facilities that are located at the WNAB site. The total estimated percentage of the ANSI value at the proposed site, including the cumulative radiation from all authorizations located within the relevant proximity, is $67.76 \%$ of the limit applicable to "uncontrolled" environments, and $13.552 \%$ of the limit for "controlled" environments. (See Appendix A)

## SUMMARY OF RADIOFREQUENCY RADIATION STUDY Channel $30,200 \mathrm{~kW}, 425 \mathrm{~m}$ HAAT June, 2017





