

EXHIBIT A

ENGINEERING STATEMENT

The engineering data contained herein have been prepared on behalf of LAS AMERICAS SUPERMERCADO, INC., licensee of Low Power Television Station KXAP-LP, Channel 51 in Tulsa, Oklahoma, in support of this amendment to its Application for Construction Permit BDFCDTL-20080320ABY which specifies digital operation on Channel 51 from the licensed KXAP-LP site, as a "flashcut" proposal. The purpose of this amendment is to correct site coordinates and ground elevation of the tower, based on the owner's recent modification of the structure's FCC ASR record.

We continue to propose to utilize the existing Shively directional antenna mounted at the 82-meter level of the existing 91-meter communications tower. Exhibit B is a map upon which the revised predicted service contour is plotted. It is important to note that the newly proposed 51 dBu contour encompasses a significant portion of the Grade A contour that obtains from the licensed KXAP-LP facility. Operating parameters for the newly proposed facility are tabulated in Exhibit C. An interference study is provided in Exhibit D, and the power density calculation follows as Exhibit E.

Because no change in the overall height or location of the existing tower is proposed, the FAA has not been notified of this application. The FCC issued Antenna Structure Registration Number 1213828 to this tower.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing statements and the attached exhibits, which were prepared by me or under my immediate supervision, are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.


KEVIN T. FISHER

April 18, 2008

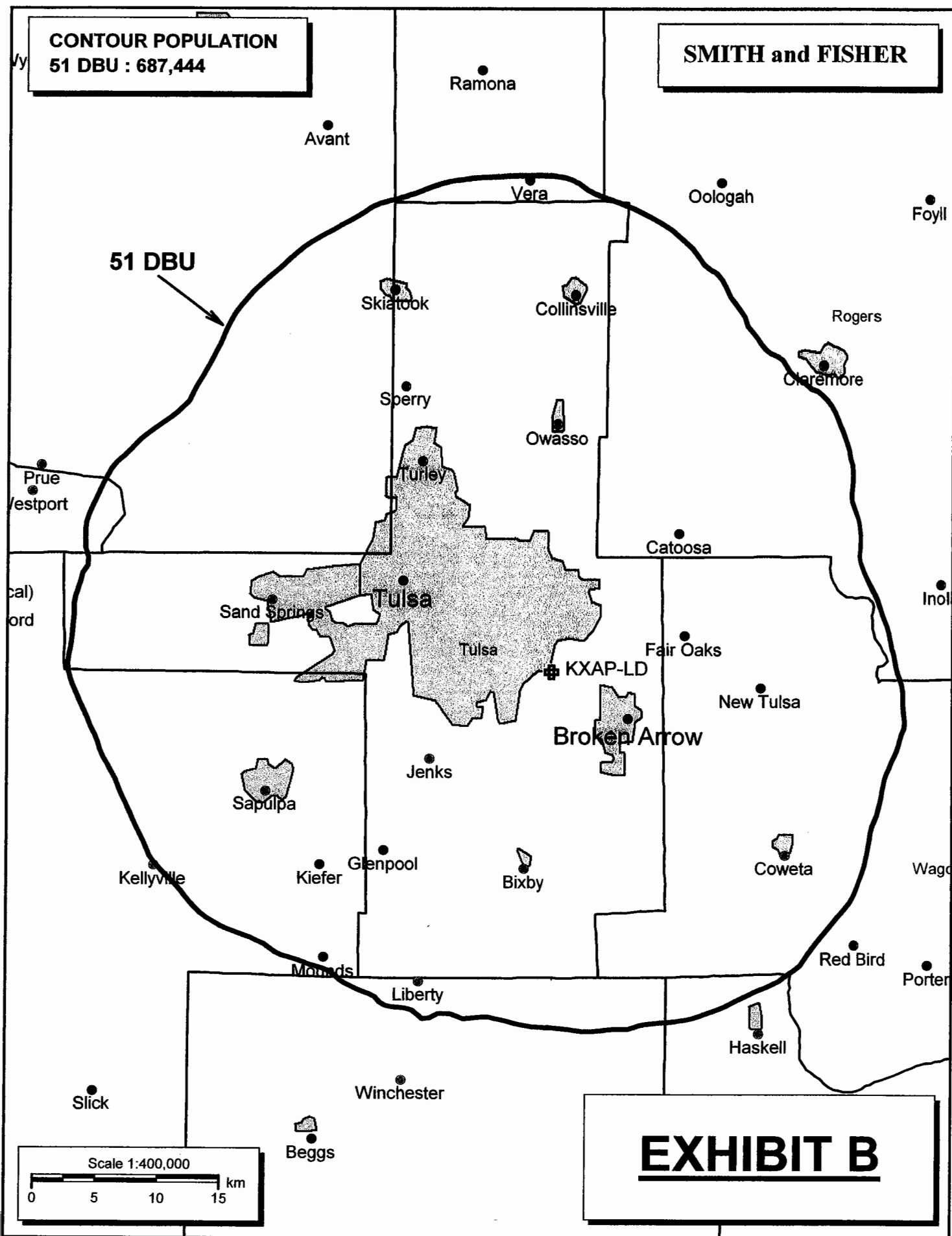
SMITH and FISHER

EXHIBIT C

PROPOSED OPERATING PARAMETERS

PROPOSED KXAP-LD
CHANNEL 51 – TULSA, OKLAHOMA
[AMENDMENT TO BDFCDTL-20080320ABY]

Transmitter Power Output:	2.0 kw
Transmission Line Efficiency:	63.3%
Antenna Power Gain – Toward Horizon:	11.8
Antenna Power Gain – Main Lobe:	11.8
Effective Radiated Power – Toward Horizon:	15.0 kw
Effective Radiated Power – Main Lobe:	15.0 kw
Transmitter Make and Model:	Type-accepted
Transmission Line Make and Model:	Andrew LDF7-50A*
Size and Type:	1-5/8" foam heliax*
Length:	300 feet*
Antenna Make and Model:	Shiveley SMP4L5HSS
Orientation	310° T
Beam Tilt	None
Radiation Center Above Ground:	82.3 meters
Radiation Center Above Mean Sea Level:	287 meters

*estimated

EXHIBIT D-1

LONGLEY-RICE INTERFERENCE STUDIES
PROPOSED KXAP-LD
CHANNEL 51 – TULSA, OKLAHOMA
[AMENDMENT TO BDFCDTL-20080320ABY]

We conducted detailed interference studies using the Longley-Rice methodology contained in the Commission's *OET Bulletin No. 69*, with respect to all facilities of concern. The software utilizes a 2-square kilometer cell size, calculates signal strength at 1.0 kilometer increments along each radial studied, and employs the 1990 U.S. Census to count population within cells. In addition, the program does not attribute interference to the proposed facility in cells within the protected contour of the station under study where interference from another source (other than proposed KXAP-LD) already is predicted to exist (also known as "masking"). The results of these studies are provided in Exhibit D-2. They conclude that the facility proposed herein causes no significant new interference to any of the potentially affected stations.

As a result, it is believed that the proposed KXAP-LD facility complies with the requirements of Sections 74.709, 74.793(e), 74.793(f), 74.793(g), 74.793(h), 74.794(b) and 73.1030 of the Commission's Rules.

INTERFERENCE SUMMARY

PROPOSED KXAP-LP
CHANNEL 51 – TULSA, OKLAHOMA
[AMENDMENT TO BDFCDTL-20080320ABY]

<u>Call Sign</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>City, State</u>	<u>Ch.</u>	<u>Longley-Rice Service Population</u>	<u>Unmasked Interference From Proposed Facility</u>	<u>%</u>
KNWA-TV BLCT-19921005KH	Lic.	Rogers, AR	51	327,668	264	<0.1
KSBI-DT BPCDT-19991028AFH	CP	Oklahoma City, OK	51	1,427,653	1,117	<0.1

EXHIBIT E

POWER DENSITY CALCULATION

PROPOSED KXAP-LD
CHANNEL 51 – TULSA, OKLAHOMA
[AMENDMENT TO BDFCDTL-20080320ABY]

Since the FCC considers the possible biological effects of RF transmissions in its environmental determinations, we have studied the matter with respect to this Tulsa facility. Employing the methods set forth in *OET Bulletin No. 65* and considering a main-lobe effective radiated power of 15 kw, an antenna radiation center 82 meters above ground, and assuming a vertical relative field value of 20 percent at the steeper elevation angles for the Shively antenna, maximum power density two meters above ground of 0.0031 mw/cm^2 is calculated to occur near the base of the tower. Since this is only 0.7 percent of the 0.46 mw/cm^2 reference for uncontrolled environments (areas with public access) surrounding a facility operating on Channel 51 (692-698 MHz), this proposal may be excluded from consideration with respect to public exposure to nonionizing electromagnetic radiation.

Further, the station owner will take whatever precautionary steps are necessary, such as reducing power or leaving the air temporarily, to ensure that workers operating in the vicinity of the antenna are not exposed to excessive nonionizing radiation.