

Exhibit 24.1

Compliance with Radiofrequency Radiation Guidelines

The potential for human exposure to non-ionizing radiofrequency radiation at the proposed transmitter site has been evaluated. The proposed WSPB(FM) CH209A FM operation for Bedford, MI, will be the only broadcast facility at this site. There are no other known broadcast facilities within 315 meters of the transmitter site.

The WSPB(FM) CH209A facility will operate on 89.7 MHz with a maximum effective radiated power (ERP) of 4.5 kW circular polarization. The facility will operate with an array of Shively Model 6025 log periodic antennas mounted 63.7 meters above ground level (AGL). An EPA Type 1 element was used assuming a "worst case" dipole antenna as defined by FM Model Version 2.10 Beta issued March 22, 1995¹.

The result of the evaluation for the station is shown at the end of this report. The tabulation lists the portion of the tabular output for the station showing the region of maximum radiofrequency radiation.

To evaluate the total exposure to non-ionizing radio-frequency radiation it is necessary to sum the individual contributions as a decimal fraction of the maximum permissible limit. If the resulting sum is less than or equal to 100%, the exposure is concluded to be within the guidelines as set forth in the Rules¹. To simplify the calculations and produce a "worst case" study, the maximum exposure level produced by each station has been selected without regard to the location of that exposure. The following table is based on the uncontrolled limits set forth in the Rules¹.

<u>Contributing Station</u>	<u>Maximum Contribution</u>	<u>Uncontrolled Limit</u>	<u>% of Limit</u>
WSPB(FM) Proposed	47.5326 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$	200 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$	23.77%

In addition to the protection afforded by the proposed antenna heights above ground, the facility is properly marked with signs, and entry to the facility is restricted by means of fencing with locked doors and/or gates. Any other means that may be required to protect employees and the general public will be employed.

In the event work is required in proximity to the antenna(s) such that the person or persons working in the area will be potentially exposed to fields in excess of the current guidelines, an agreement signed by all broadcast parties at the site will be in effect for the offending transmitter(s) to reduce power, or cease operation during the critical period.

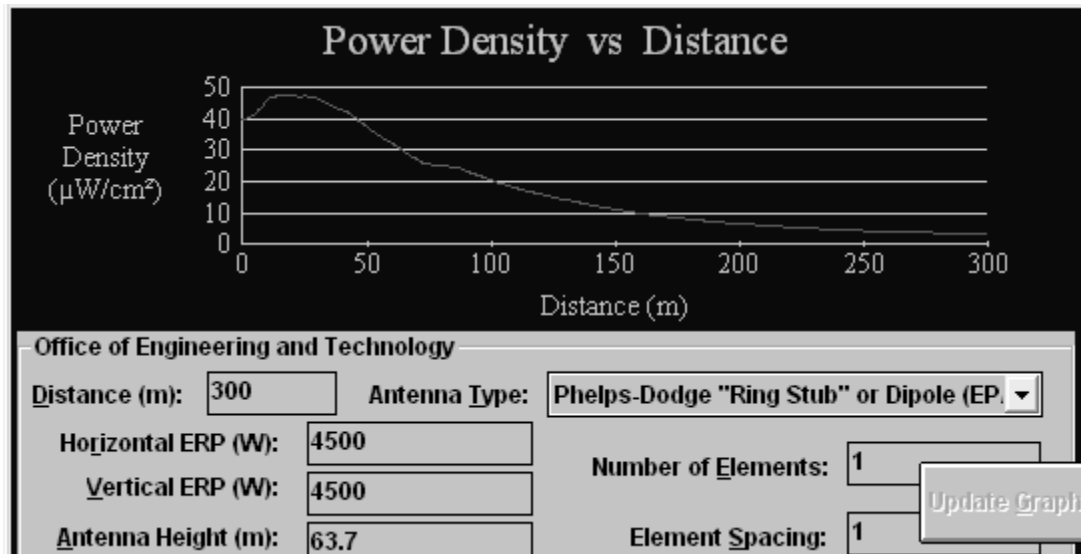
¹ Software packages were used to determine the individual contribution of each station evaluating compliance with the FCC guidelines concerning human exposure to radiofrequency radiation as detailed in OET Bulletin No. 65 (Edition 97-01). FM radiofrequency radiation levels were predicted using both the array pattern, the calculations of which are based on the number of bays in the antenna and wavelength spacing between the bays, and the element pattern. The element pattern is determined by using measured element data prepared by the EPA, and published in "An Engineering Assessment of the Potential Impact of Federal Radiation Protection Guidance on the AM, FM and TV Services," by Paul C. Gailey and Richard Tell - April 1985, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Las Vegas, NV.

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PLOT OF TOTAL POWER DENSITY WSPB(FM) Proposed – Bedford, MI

Using a “worst case” EPA Type 1 dipole Antenna Mounted 63.7 meters AGL



The Max Power Density was found to be 47.5325897967411 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ at 16.8 meters.

Note: Graph resolution is 500 points.