

**June 2014
FM Translator K237FE
Bend, Oregon Channel 234D
Allocation Study**

The attached spacing study shows the spacing between the proposed translator site and the location of cochannel and adjacent channel stations and proposals. This study was made with the Commission's Class A spacing requirements, and individual situations were examined to determine the lack of prohibited contour overlap per the requirements of §74.1204 of the Rules.

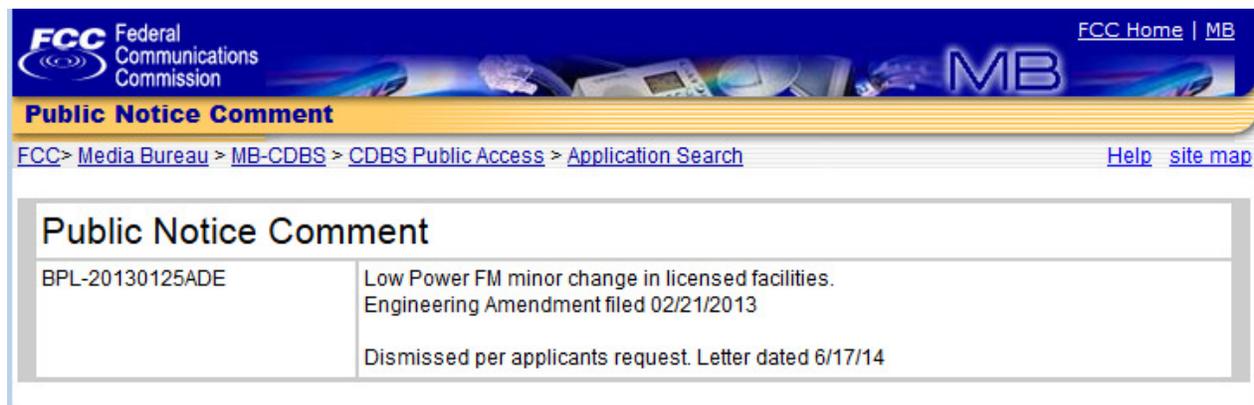
The spacing study demonstrates compliance with §73.207 of the Commission's Rules regarding spacing restrictions to stations which are 53 or 54 channels removed from the proposed operation.

KXIX 231C2 Sunriver

The proposed translator transmitter site is located within the 60 dBu protected contour of third-adjacent channel station KXIX 231C2 Sunriver. The proposed site is 16.4 km from the KXIX transmitter site at a bearing of 78 degrees True. Given the KXIX antenna's 546 meter HAAT and 18.5 kW ERP along this radial, KXIX places an 89.3 dBu contour at the translator transmitter site. The corresponding interfering contour from the translator is $89.3 + 40 = 129.3$ dBu. The aerial photograph on the following page depicts the 129.3 dBu contour from the proposed facility, which extends at most 38 meters as calculated using the Free Space equation. There is no population within this contour, which encompasses only area within the transmitter site perimeter fence. Therefore, the proposed facility is believed to satisfy the requirements of §74.1204(d) with respect to KXIX.

KZSO-LP 235L1 Sisters

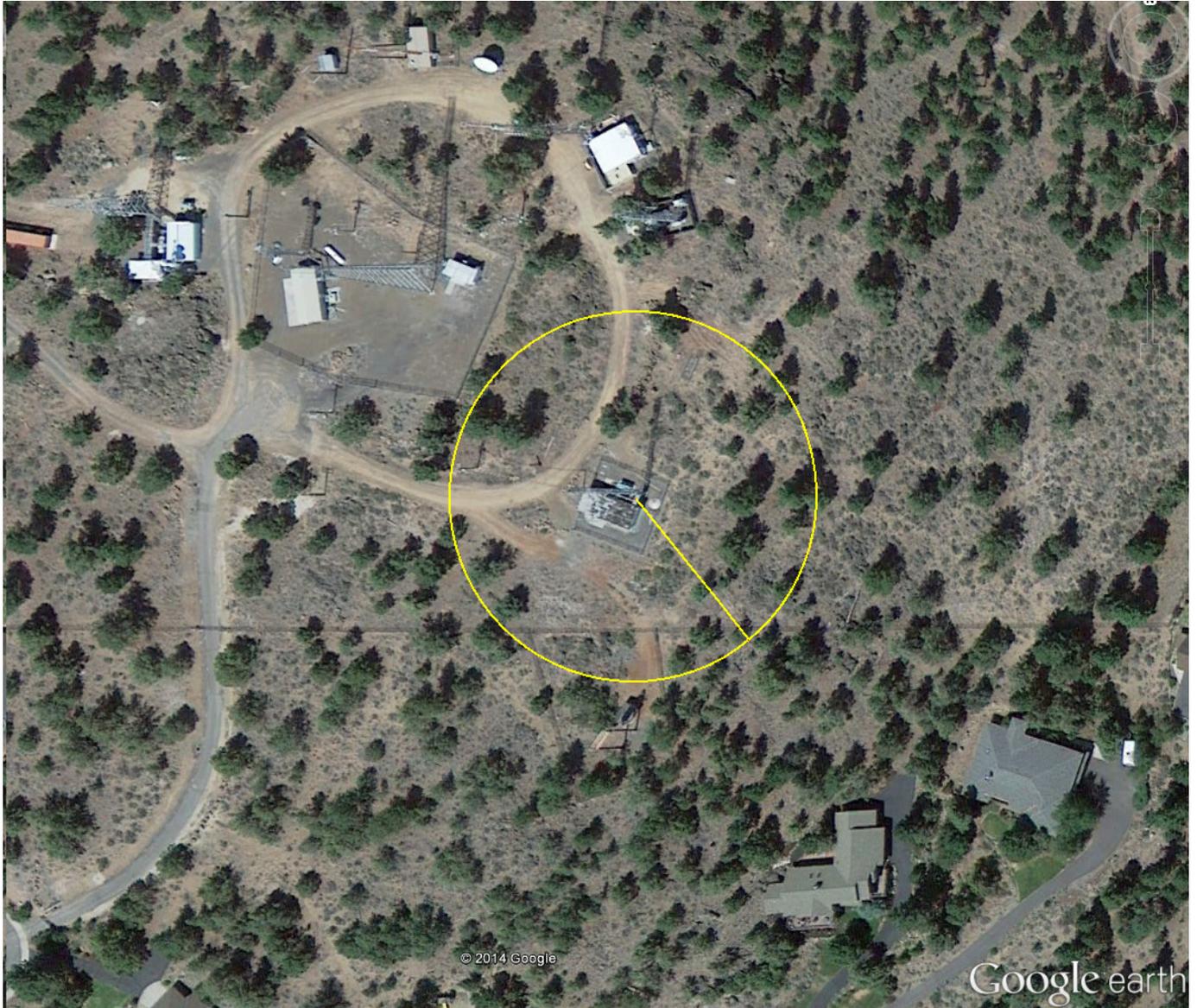
The spacing study indicates a first-adjacent channel construction permit BPL-20130125ADE for KZSO-LP at Sisters, just 29.8 km from the proposed translator operation. The grant of that permit, however, has been rescinded, and CDBS includes a notation that BPL-20130125ADE has been "Dismissed per applicant's request. Letter dated 6/17/2014."



The screenshot shows the FCC website interface. At the top, there is a blue header with the FCC logo and 'Federal Communications Commission' text. To the right of the header are links for 'FCC Home' and 'MB'. Below the header is a yellow banner with the text 'Public Notice Comment'. Underneath the banner is a navigation bar with the breadcrumb path: 'FCC > Media Bureau > MB-CDBS > CDBS Public Access > Application Search'. To the right of the path are links for 'Help' and 'site map'. The main content area is titled 'Public Notice Comment' and contains a table with the following information:

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| BPL-20130125ADE | Low Power FM minor change in licensed facilities. Engineering Amendment filed 02/21/2013 |
| | Dismissed per applicants request. Letter dated 6/17/14 |

Indeed, the applicant's 6/17/2014 letter expressly requested "that the permit be cancelled". Therefore it is not believed necessary to provide contour protection to BPL-20130125ADE.



129.3 dBu Free Space interference contour overlaid on recent aerial photography. This area is unpopulated.

Hatfield & Dawson Consulting Engineers

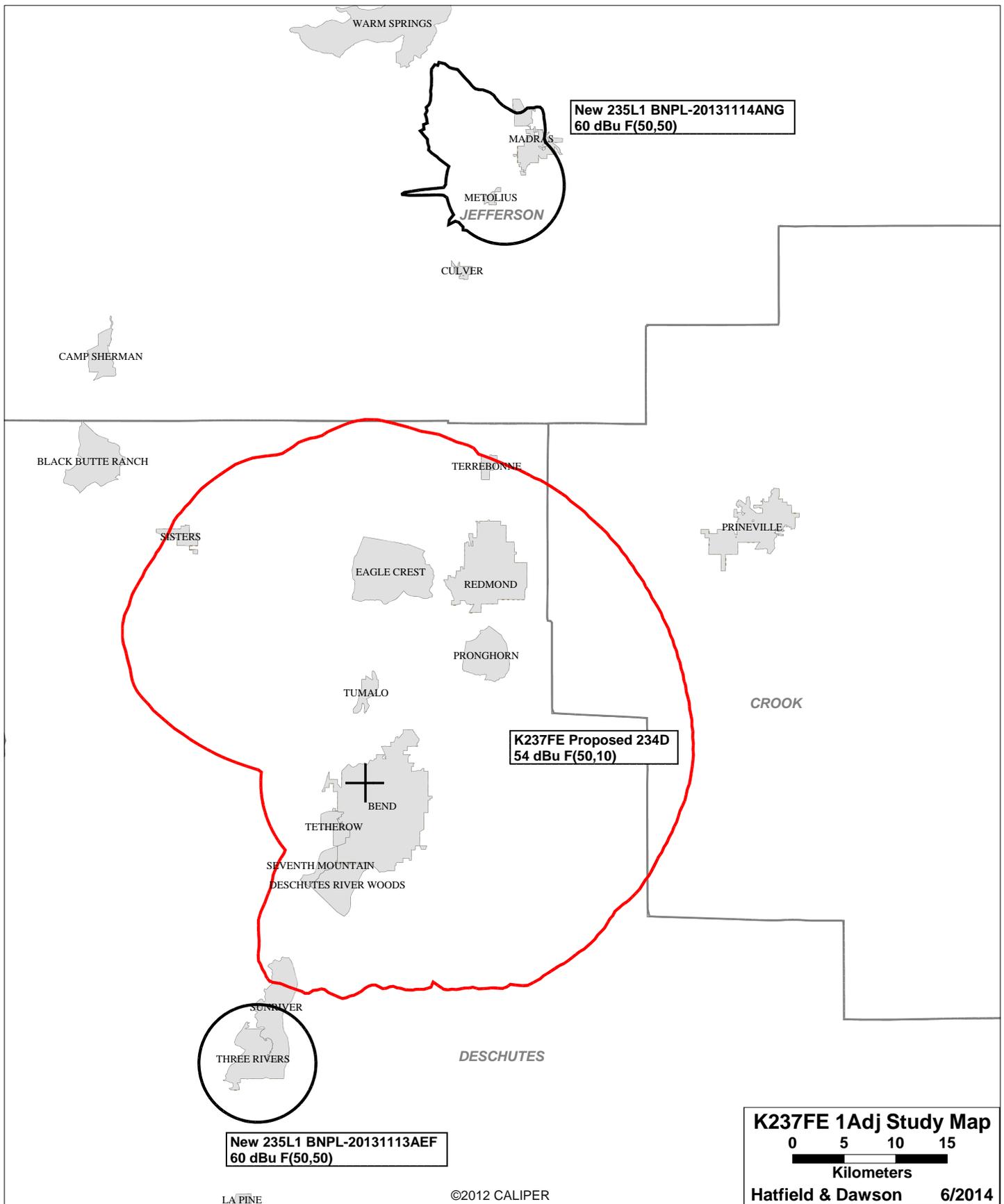
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SEARCH PARAMETERS FM Database Date: 140623
Page 1

Channel: 234A 94.7 MHz
 Latitude: 44 4 38
 Longitude: 121 19 49
 Safety Zone: 50 km
 Job Title: BEND 234

| Call Status | City St | FCC File No. | Channel Freq. | ERP(kW) HAAT(m) | Latitude Longitude | Bearing deg-True | Dist (km) | Req (km) |
|--|----------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|-----------|
| RSV | SUNRIVER OR | RM-inv-07 | 231C2 94.1 | 0.000 0.0 | 44-02-49 121-31-50 | 258.2 | 16.40 -38.60 | 55 SHORT |
| KXIX LIC | SUNRIVER OR | BLH-00713AMH | 231C2 94.1 | 18.500 248.0 | 44-02-49 121-31-50 | 258.2 | 16.40 -38.60 | 55 SHORT |
| KJDY-FM LIC | CANYON CITY OR | BMLH-21216ABC | 233C0 94.5 | 45.000 416.0 | 44-17-50 119-02-09 | 81.6 | 185.08 33.08 | 152 CLEAR |
| KMGE LIC | EUGENE OR | BLH-970925KE | 233C1 94.5 | 49.000 396.0 | 44-00-04 123-06-45 | 267.2 | 143.11 10.11 | 133 CLEAR |
| KMGEaux LIC | EUGENE OR | BXLH-20217ABQ | 233C1 94.5 | 6.000 295.0 | 44-00-04 123-06-45 | 267.2 | 143.11 0.00 | 0 AUX |
| K237FE CP | BEND OR | BPFT-20927AKN | 234D 94.7 | 0.250 298.0 | 44-04-38 121-19-49 | 0.0 | 0.00 0.00 | 0 TRANS |
| KNRK LIC | CAMAS WA | BLH-30326AIC | 234C2 94.7 | 6.300 403.0 | 45-29-20 122-41-40 | 326.0 SS | 190.44 24.44 | 166 CLEAR |
| KNRKaux LIC | CAMAS WA | BXLH-11205AGQ | 234C2 94.7 | 1.200 320.0 | 45-29-20 122-41-40 | 326.0 | 190.44 0.00 | 0 AUX |
| KNRKaux LIC | CAMAS WA | BXMLH-41207AAU | 234C2 94.7 | 6.000 259.0 | 45-27-08 122-32-47 | 328.3 | 180.60 0.00 | 0 AUX |
| NEW APP | BEND OR | BNPL-31113AEF | 235L1 94.9 | 0.100 -50.0 | 43-49-58 121-27-39 | 201.1 | 29.11 -26.89 | 56 SHORT |
| NEW APP | MADRAS OR | BNPL-31114ANG | 235L1 94.9 | 0.100 29.7 | 44-35-53 121-09-36 | 13.1 | 59.45 3.45 | 56 CLOSE |
| KZSO-LP CP | SISTERS OR | BPL-30125ADE | 235L1 94.9 | 0.100 -87.0 | 44-17-37 121-33-02 | 323.9 | 29.80 -26.20 | 56 SHORT |
| NOTE: GRANT RESCINDED AND DISMISSED PER LICENSEE REQUEST | | | | | | | | |
| K237FE LIC | PRINEVILLE OR | BLFT-20904ABY | 237D 95.3 | 0.099 813.0 | 44-26-17 120-57-11 | 36.7 | 50.15 0.00 | 0 TRANS |
| K287AK LIC | PRINEVILLE OR | BLFT-70131AJK | 287D 105.3 | 0.010 815.0 | 44-26-16 120-57-17 | 36.6 | 50.05 40.04 | 10 CLEAR |

===== END OF FM SPACING STUDY FOR CHANNEL 234 =====

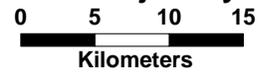


**New 235L1 BNPL-20131114ANG
60 dBu F(50,50)**

**K237FE Proposed 234D
54 dBu F(50,10)**

**New 235L1 BNPL-20131113AEF
60 dBu F(50,50)**

K237FE 1 Adj Study Map



Hatfield & Dawson 6/2014

June 2014
FM Translator K237FE
Bend, Oregon Channel 234D
RF Exposure Study

Facilities Proposed

The proposed operation will be on Channel 234D (94.7 MHz) with a maximum lobe effective radiated power of 250 watts. Operation is proposed with an antenna to be mounted on an existing tower on Awbrey Butte.

The antenna support structure does not exceed 60.96 meters (200 feet) above ground and does not require notification to the Federal Aviation Administration. Therefore, this structure does not require an Antenna Structure Registration Number.

RF Exposure Calculations

OET Bulletin 65 *Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields* (Edition 97-01) states in pertinent part that:

When performing an evaluation for compliance with the FCC's RF guidelines all significant contributors to the ambient RF environment should be considered. . . For purposes of such consideration, significance can be taken to mean any transmitter producing more than 5% of the applicable exposure limit (in terms of power density or the square of the electric or magnetic field strength) at accessible locations.

As will be demonstrated below, the proposed operation of K237FE will produce less than 5% of the applicable exposure limit for both controlled and uncontrolled environments. Thus, the proposed facility is categorically excluded from the requirement of further study. Therefore, pursuant to §1.1307(b)(3) of the Commission's Rules no calculations are required for the other FM and TV facilities in the vicinity, and precise calculations are made only with regard to the levels from this proposal.

The power density calculations shown below were made using the techniques outlined in OET Bulletin No. 65. "Ground level" calculations in this report have been made at a reference height of 2 meters above ground to provide a worst-case estimate of exposure for persons standing on the ground in the vicinity of the tower. The equation shown below was used to calculate the ground level power density figures from each antenna.

$$S(\mu W / cm^2) = \frac{33.40981 \times AdjERP(Watts)}{D^2}$$

Where: *AdjERP(Watts)* is the maximum lobe effective radiated power times the element pattern factor times the array pattern factor.

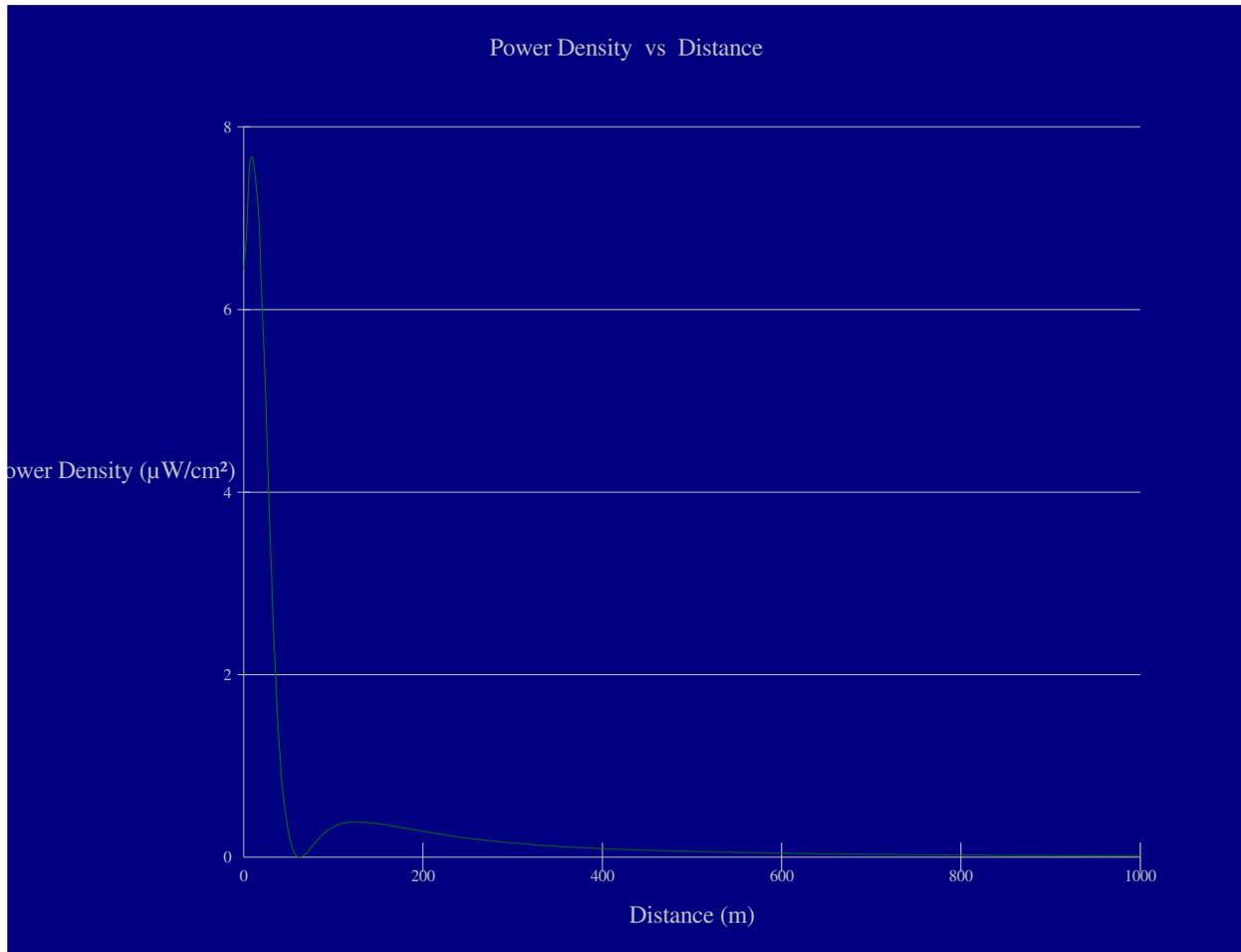
D is the distance in meters from the center of radiation to the calculation point.

Ground level power densities have been calculated for locations extending from the base of the tower to a distance of 1000 meters. Values past this point are increasingly negligible.

Since the Commission's FMModel software program does not include an element model for the SWR FMEC-2 antenna to be used, "worst case" calculations of the power density produced by the K237FE antenna system have been made using the "ring stub" element pattern. Under this "worst case" assumption, the highest calculated ground level power density from K237FE occurs at a distance of 9 meters from the base of the antenna support structure. At this point the power density is calculated to be $7.7 \mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$, which is 0.8% of $1000 \mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ (the FCC standard for controlled environments) and 3.9% of $200 \mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ (the FCC standard for uncontrolled environments).

These calculations show that the maximum calculated power density produced at two meters above ground level by the proposed operation of K237FE alone is less than 5% of the applicable FCC exposure limit at all locations between 1 and 1000 meters from the base of the antenna support structure. Section 1.1307(b)(3) of the Commission's Rules excludes applications for new facilities or modifications to existing facilities from the requirement of preparing an environmental assessment when the calculated emissions from the applicants proposed facility are predicted to be less than 5% of the applicable FCC exposure limit. Therefore, the proposed facility is in compliance with Section 1.1301 *et seq* and no further analysis of non-ionizing radiation at this site is required in this application.

The permittee/licensee in coordination with other users of the site must reduce power or cease operation as necessary to protect persons having access to the site, tower or antenna from radiofrequency radiation in excess of FCC guidelines.



Ground-Level RF Exposure

OET FMModel

K237FE Ch234 Bend

Antenna Type: SWR FMEC-2("ring stub" element model assumed)

No. of Elements: 2

Element Spacing: 1.0 wavelength

Distance: 1000 meters

Horizontal ERP: 0.250 kW

Vertical ERP: 0.250 kW

Antenna Height: 38 meters AGL

Maximum Calculated Power Density is 7.7 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ at 9 meters from the antenna structure.