

Formula (7) from Section II of OET 65:

$$S = (2.56) (EIRP) / (4) (PI) (R)^2$$

Where:

S = Highest power density (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) at 2m above ground

R = Distance from center antenna to 2m above ground, cm,

EIRP = 1.64 times ERP relative to dipole in mW,

Power is calculated at worst case conditions

MAX S between 30 and 300 MHz = 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> for controlled,  
0.2 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> for uncontrolled exposure.

ERP = (horizontal and vertical added times field factor<sup>2</sup>.)

Station: NEW with antenna up 53 meters and ERP 0.3 kW

$$S = \frac{(2.56) (1.64) (1000) (600) (1.000)^2}{(4) (3.14) (5,300)^2}$$

S = 0.007 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.7 % of Controlled Exposure allowed.

S = 0.007 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>, 3.6 % of Uncontrolled Exposure allowed.

Per 47 CFR §1.1307(b)(3), power densities of less than 5% of the maximum permitted exposure limit do not require further study.