

**Goldman Engineering Management
Dallas, Texas.**

KXIX (FM), Channel 225C0, Bend, OR.

Modification to Construction Permit

File Number BPH-20091218ACI

The purpose of this application is solely to modify the antenna type proposed to be utilized for the KXIX facility as already authorized in File Number BPH-20091218ACI. In the original application, the applicant erroneously advised the Commission that the antenna in use at KXIX and the antenna to be replaced was a 7 bay, full wave spaced rototiller type antenna. In fact, the antenna in use at KXIX and the antenna to be utilized when the Construction Permit is implemented is an 8-bay full wave spaced rototiller type antenna.

All statements regarding the MPE Levels and the study conducted by the Carl T. Jones Corp. should refer to levels of the existing eight bay antenna. We have included the RFR statement, as properly modified, below for reference.

RADIOFREQUENCY IMPACT

The only technical facility change proposed herein is a replacement of the existing antenna. When the frequency change is implemented as authorized in the underlying construction permit from 231C0 to 225C0, the antenna will be replaced with an identical 8 bay antenna cut to the new frequency and located at the same position on the tower.

The station will continue to operate identically to the way it is currently licensed from a Radiofrequency Radiation standpoint. The KXIX(FM) main antenna remains co-located with KSJJ(FM) Redmond, OR.

The current FCC MPE level for “uncontrolled” environments is 0.2 milliwatt per centimeter squared or $200\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ for FM facilities. The MPE level for FM facilities in a “controlled” environment is $1.0\text{ mW}/\text{cm}^2$ ($1000\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$). Because the KXIX(FM) site is a multiple-use transmitter site, the percentage of the FCC guideline value each facility contributes must be determined and must not exceed 100% of the FCC guideline value. In May of 2005, William Getz of the Carl T. Jones Corp. prepared a study to determine the power density contributed by the two stations, KXIX(FM) and KSJJ(FM). In that report it was determined that, according to the FCC FM model program, KSJJ(FM) is predicted to contribute a maximum power density of $112\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$, which is 56% of the FCC guideline value for “uncontrolled” environments. KXIX(FM) was predicted and continues to be predicted at the proposed new frequency to contribute $58\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ which is 29% of the FCC guideline value for “uncontrolled” environments. Considered together, the maximum cumulative predicted power density for the collocated facilities are only 85% of the FCC guideline value in “uncontrolled” environments. Based upon the above information KXIX(FM) is currently and will continue to be in compliance with all pertinent FCC and OET standards.

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY

Based upon the calculations discussed above, the cumulative power density at the multiple use site represents only 17% of the FCC guideline value in a “Controlled” or occupational RFR environment. Radio station KXIX along with other users at the site maintains an occupational safety policy and remains committed to reducing power or

ceasing operation during periods of maintenance to avoid potentially harmful exposure to personnel.

SUMMARY

This statement, FCC for 301, Section III-B, and the attached exhibits were prepared by me or under my direct supervision and are believed to be true and correct.

April 24, 2010

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Bert Goldman". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the printed name.

Bert Goldman

Goldman Engineering Mgmt. LLC.